

Leica TPS1200 User Manual

Version 5.5 English

- when it has to be **right**



Purchase

Congratulations on the purchase of a TPS1200 series instrument.



This manual contains important safety directions as well as instructions for setting up the product and operating it. Refer to "6 Safety Directions" for further information. Read carefully through the User Manual before you switch on the product.

Product identification The type and the serial number of your product are indicated on the type plate. Enter the type and serial number in your manual and always refer to this information when you need to contact your agency or Leica Geosystems authorized service workshop.

Type:

Serial No.:

Symbols

The symbols used in this manual have the following meanings:

Туре	Description
A Danger	Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
Warning	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation or an unintended use which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
Caution	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation or an unintended use which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury and/or appreciable material, financial and environmental damage.
() J	Important paragraphs which must be adhered to in practice as they enable the product to be used in a technically correct and efficient manner.

Trademarks

- CompactFlash and CF are trademarks of SanDisk Corporation
- Bluetooth is a registered trademark of Bluetooth SIG, Inc

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

		on

Validity of this manual

	Description
General	This manual applies to all TPS1200 Series instruments. Where there are differences between the various models they are clearly described.
Telescope	In regard to the instrument EDM, a TPS1200 instrument may be equipped with one of two types of telescopes, which offer the same performance but differ in some technical details. The two different types can be distinguished by a rectangular (telescope type 1) or round (telescope type 2) shaped element, which is visible in the centre of the objective lens. Where there are tech- nical differences between the two telescope types they are marked by the following pictograms, referring to the first or second type described above:

	Description
\bigcirc	 Telescope Type 1 When measuring distances to a reflector with EDM mode "IR" this telescope type uses a wide infrared laser beam, which emerges coaxially from the telescope's objective. Instruments that are equipped with a reflectorless EDM additionally offer the EDM modes "RL" and "LO". When using these EDM modes a narrow visible red laser beam is used to measure distances.
\odot	 Telescope Type 2 When measuring distances to a reflector with EDM mode "IR" this telescope type uses a wide visible red laser beam, which emerges coaxially from the telescope's objective. Instruments that are equipped with a reflectorless EDM additionally offer the EDM modes "RL" and "LO". When using these EDM modes a narrow visible red laser beam is used to measure distances.

rod		

Available documentation	Name User Manual	Description and Format All instructions required in order to operate the product	· · · ·	₩
		to a basic level are contained in the User Manual. Provides an overview of the product together with tech- nical data and safety directions.		
	Name	Description and Format		Ašoba
	System Field Manual	Describes the general working of the product in standard use. Intended as a quick reference field guide.		~
	Applications Field Manual	Describes specific onboard application programs in standard use. Intended as a quick reference field guide.	~	~
	Technical Reference Manual	Overall comprehensive guide to the product and program functions. Included are detailed descriptions of special software/hardware settings and soft- ware/hardware functions intended for technical specialists.		✓

Refer to the following resources for all TPS1200 documentation and software:

- the SmartWorx DVD
- http://www.leica-geosystems.com/downloads

Table of Contents

In this manual

Cł	napte	r	Page
1	Des	cription of the System	12
	1.1	System Components	12
	1.2	System Concept	19
		1.2.1 Software Concept	19
		1.2.2 Data Storage and Data Conversion Concept	21
		1.2.3 Power Concept	23
	1.3	Container Contents	24
	1.4	Instrument Components	28
2	Use	r Interface	32
	2.1	Keyboard	32
	2.2	Screen	36
	2.3	Operating Principles	38
	2.4	Icons	44
3	Оре	eration	50
-	3.1	Instrument Setup	50
	3.2	Autodetect Behaviour	53
	3.3	Instrument Setup as SmartStation	55

		3.3.1	SmartStation Setup	55
		3.3.2	LED Indicators on SmartAntenna	59
		3.3.3	Working with the Clip-On-Housings for Devices	61
		3.3.4	LED Indicators on Clip-On-Housings	65
	3.4	Instrume	ent Setup for Remote Control	69
		3.4.1	Remote Control Setup	69
		3.4.2	LED Indicators on RadioHandle	71
	3.5	Battery		73
		3.5.1	Operating Principles	73
		3.5.2	Instrument Battery	75
		3.5.3	SmartAntenna Battery	77
	3.6	Working	with the CompactFlash Card	79
	3.7	Accessin	ng Survey Application Program	82
	3.8	Guideline	es for Correct Results	85
4	Che	ck & Adju	ıst	88
	4.1	Overview	v	88
	4.2	Preparat	ion	92
	4.3	Combine	ed Adjustment (I, t, i, c and ATR)	94
	4.4	Tilting Ax	xis Adjustment (a)	99
	4.5	Adjustme	ent of the Circular Level	104
	4.6	Adjustme	ent of the Reflectorless EDM	107
	4.7	Adjustme	ent of the Laser Plummet	112
	4.8	Service of	of the Tripod	116

TPS1200			10	
5	Car	e and Tr	ansport	118
	5.1	Transp	ort	118
	5.2	Storag	e	120
	5.3	Cleanir	ng and Drying	121
	5.4	Mainte	nance	122
6	Safe	ety Direc	ctions	124
	6.1	Genera	al Introduction	124
	6.2	Intende	ed Use	125
	6.3	Limits (of Use	127
	6.4	Respo	nsibilities	128
	6.5	Interna	tional Warranty, Software Licence Agreement	129
	6.6	Hazard	Is of Use	131
	6.7	Laser (Classification	137
		6.7.1	Integrated Distancer, Measurements with	
			Reflectors (IR mode)	137
		6.7.2	Integrated Distancer, Measurements without	
			Reflectors (RL mode)	140
		6.7.3	Automatic Target Recognition ATR	147
		6.7.4	PowerSearch PS	149
		6.7.5	Electronic Guide Light EGL	151
		6.7.6	Laser Plummet	153
	6.8	Electro	magnetic Compatibility EMC	157
	6.9	FCC S	tatement, Applicable in U.S.	160
		5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 6 Safe 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 6.7 6.8	5.1 Transp 5.2 Storag 5.3 Cleanin 5.4 Mainte 6 Safety Direct 6.1 Genera 6.2 Intende 6.3 Limits 6 6.4 Respon 6.5 Interna 6.6 Hazaro 6.7 Laser 0 6.7.1 6.7.2 6.7.3 6.7.4 6.7.5 6.7.6 6.8 Electro	5.1 Transport 5.2 Storage 5.3 Cleaning and Drying 5.4 Maintenance 6 Safety Directions 6.1 General Introduction 6.2 Intended Use 6.3 Limits of Use 6.4 Responsibilities 6.5 International Warranty, Software Licence Agreement 6.6 Hazards of Use 6.7 Laser Classification 6.7.1 Integrated Distancer, Measurements with Reflectors (IR mode) 6.7.2 Integrated Distancer, Measurements without Reflectors (RL mode) 6.7.3 Automatic Target Recognition ATR 6.7.4 PowerSearch PS 6.7.5 Electronic Guide Light EGL 6.7.6 Laser Plummet 6.8 Electromagnetic Compatibility EMC

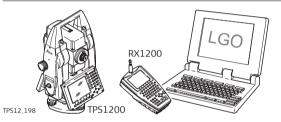
7	Technical Data					
	7.1	Angle N	Angle Measurement			
	7.2	Distanc	e Measurement with Reflectors (IR mode)	169		
	7.3	Distanc	e Measurement without Reflectors (RL mode)	172		
	7.4	Distanc	e Measurement - Long Range (LO mode)	175		
	7.5	Automa	atic Target Recognition ATR	177		
	7.6	PowerS	Search PS	180		
	7.7	SmartS	tation	181		
		7.7.1	SmartStation Accuracy	181		
		7.7.2	SmartStation Dimensions	183		
		7.7.3	SmartAntenna Technical Data	184		
	7.8	Conform	nity to National Regulations	188		
		7.8.1	Communication side cover with Bluetooth	188		
		7.8.2	GFU24, Siemens MC75	189		
		7.8.3	GFU19 (US), GFU25 (CAN) CDMA MultiTech MTMMC-C	191		
		7.8.4	RadioHandle	193		
		7.8.5	SmartAntenna with Bluetooth	195		
	7.9	Genera	I Technical Data of the Instrument	197		
	7.10	Scale C	Correction	204		
	7.11	Reduct	ion Formulas	211		
Inc	dex			216		

Description of the System

1.1 System Components

Main components

1



Component	Description
TPS1200	an instrument for measuring, calculating and capturing data.
	• comprised of various models with a range of accuracy classes.
	• integrated with an add-on GNSS system to form SmartStation.
	combined with RX1200 to conduct remote control surveys.
	connected with LGO to view, exchange and manage data.

Component	Description
RX1200	A multi-purpose controller enabling the remote control of TPS1200.
LGO	An office software consisting of a suite of standard and extended programs for the viewing, exchange and management of data.

Terminology

The following terms and abbreviations may be found in this manual:

Term	Description		
TPS	Total Station Positioning System		
GNSS	Global Navigation Satellite System (generic term for satellite based navigation systems like GPS, GLONASS, SBAS)		
RCS	Remote Control Surveying		
LGO	LEICA Geo Office		
EDM	Electronic Distance Measurement		
	EDM refers to the laser distancer incorporated into the instru- ment which enables distance measurement.		

TPS1200

Term	Description		
	 Three measuring modes are available: IR mode. This mode refers to the ability to measure distances to prisms. 		
	 RL mode. This mode refers to the ability to measure distances without prisms. 		
	• LO mode. This mode refers to the visible red laser and the ability to measure extended distances to prisms.		
PinPoint	PinPoint refers to the Reflectorless EDM technology which enables an increased measuring range with a smaller laser spot size. Two options are available: R100 and R300.		
EGL	Electronic Guide Light		
	An EGL fitted to an instrument assists with prism targeting. It consists of two differently coloured flashing lights located in the instrument telescope housing. The person holding the prism can align him/herself into the instrument's line of sight.		
Motorised	Instruments fitted with internal motors, enabling automatic hori- zontal and vertical turning are referred to as M otorised.		
ATR	Automatic Target Recognition		

Term	Description		
	ATR refers to the instrument sensor which enables the automatic fine pointing to a prism.		
Automated	Instruments fitted with ATR are referred to as Automated.		
	Three automation modes are available with ATR:		
	None: no ATR - no automation and no tracking.		
	ATR: automatic fine pointing to a prism.		
	LOCK: automatic tracking of an already targeted prism.		
PowerSearch	PowerSearch refers to the instrument sensor which enables the automatic rapid finding of a prism.		
SmartStation	A TPS1200 instrument integrated with an add-on GNSS system, comprising hardware and software components, forms SmartStation.		
	Components of SmartStation include SmartAntenna, SmartAntenna Adapter with attached clip-on-housing and antenna for a communication device and Communication side cover.		
	SmartStation provides an additional instrument set-up method for determining instrument station coordinates.		

Term	Description		
	The GNSS principles and functionality of SmartStation derive from the principles and functionality of GPS1200 instruments.		
SmartAntenna	SmartAntenna with integrated Bluetooth is a component of SmartStation. It can also be used independently on a pole, with a GNSS receiver and remote controller.		
RadioHandle	A component of RCS is RadioHandle. It is both an integrated radio modem with attached antenna and instrument carry handle.		
Communication side cover	Communication side cover with integrated Bluetooth is a compo- nent of SmartStation. In combination with RadioHandle it is also a component of RCS.		

Instrument models

Model	Description
TC1200	Basis electronic tachymeter.
TCR1200	Additional components: Reflectorless EDM.
TCRM1200	Additional components: Reflectorless EDM, Motorised.
TCA1200	Additional components: Automated, Motorised.

Model	Description
TCP1200	Additional components: Automated, Motorised, PowerSearch.
TCRA1200	Additional components: Reflectorless EDM, Automated, Motorised.
TCRP1200	Additional components: ${\bf R}$ eflectorless EDM, Automated, Motorised, ${\bf P}$ owerSearch.

LEICA Geo Office

- LGO supports GPS1200 and TPS1200 instruments. It also supports all other Leica TPS instruments.
 - LGO is based on a graphical user interface with standard Windows[®] operating procedures.
 - LGO provides the following functionality:

Functionality	Description
Standard Functionality	Includes data exchange between computer and instrument, data management including viewing and editing, reporting, creation and management of codelists, creation and use of format files for data conversion, uploading and deleting of system software and application programs.

Functionality	Description
Extended Functionality	Includes Coordinate transformations, GPS and GLONASS post processing, Level data processing, Network adjustment, GIS and CAD Export.

- Supported operating systems: Windows® XP, Windows® 2000.
- Refer to the online help of LGO for additional information.

1.2 System Concept

1.2.1 Software Concept

Description

TPS1200 instruments use the same software concept.

Software type

Software type	Description
System software	This software comprises the central functions of the instrument. It is also referred to as firmware.
	The programs Survey and Setup are integrated into the firmware and cannot be deleted.
	The English language is integrated into the firmware and cannot be deleted.
Language software	Numerous languages are available for the TPS1200 instru- ments. This software is also referred to as system language.
	The system software enables a maximum of three languages which can be stored at any one time - the English language and two other languages. The English language is the default language and cannot be deleted. One language is chosen as the active language.

TPS1200

Software type	Description
Application programs	A suite of optional survey-specific application programs are available for the instrument.
	Some of the programs are activated freely and require no licence key and others require purchasing and are only activated with a licence key.
Customised application programs	Customised software specific to user requirements can be devel- oped using the GeoC++ development kit. Information on the GeoC++ development environment is available on request from a Leica Geosystems representative.

Software upload

All instrument software is stored in the System RAM of the instrument. The software can be uploaded onto the instrument using the following methods:

- Using LGO the software is transferred via the serial interface to the Compact-Flash card in the instrument, which is then stored to the System RAM.
- By connecting the CompactFlash card directly to the computer either via an internal card slot housing or an external OMNI drive, the software is transferred to the card, which is then stored to the System RAM.

1.2.2 Data Storage and Data Conversion Concept

Description	Data is stored within a job in a database on a memory device. This is either a CompactFlash card or an internal memory if fitted.		
Memory device	CompactFlash card:	A CompactFlash card housing is standard. A Compact- Flash card can be inserted and removed. Various storing capacities are available. Whilst other CompactFlash cards may be used, Leica recommends Leica CompactFlash cards and cannot be held responsible for data loss or any other error that may occur when using a non-Leica card.	
	Internal memory:	An internal memory is optional. It resides inside the instru- ment. Available capacity: 64 MB.	
Ê	1 00 0 0	cables or removing the CompactFlash card during the meas- ss of data. Always return to TPS1200 Main Menu before	

removing the CompactFlash card and switch off the instrument before removing cables.

Description of the S	ystem TPS1200	22
Data conversion	Export Data can be exported from a job in a wide range of ASCII formats. The exp is defined in Format Manager which is a PC tool in LEICA Geo Office. Re online help of LGO for information on creating format files. Data can also be exported from a job in DXF format.	
	Import Data can be imported from ASCII, DXF, GSI8 or GSI16 format.	
Transfer raw data to LGO	Raw data can be transferred between the database on the CompactFlas the internal memory of the instrument and LGO in two ways:	h card or
	 From the CompactFlash card or the internal memory directly via a se face to a project in LGO on a PC. 	rial inter-
	 From the CompactFlash card using for example an OMNI drive as su Leica Geosystems to a project in LGO on a PC. 	upplied by
(B)	CompactFlash cards can be used directly in an OMNI drive as supported Geosystems. Other PC card drives may require an adapter.	l by Leica

1.2.3 Power Concept

General Use the Leica Geosystems batteries, chargers and accessories or accessories recommended by Leica Geosystems to ensure the correct functionality of the instrument.

Power options Instrument

Power for the instrument can be supplied either internally or externally. An external battery is connected to the instrument using a LEMO cable.

Internal battery:One GEB221 battery fitted into the battery compartment.External battery:One GEB171 battery connected via cable, or

SmartAntenna

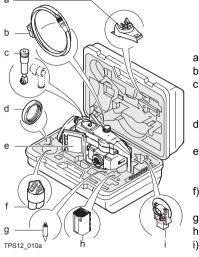
Power for the antenna is supplied internally.

Internal battery: One GEB211 battery fitted into the antenna.

TPS1200

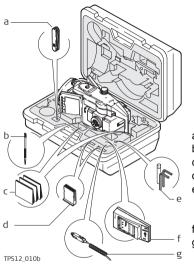
1.3 Container Contents

Container for instrument and delivered accessories part 1 of 2



- a) Tribrach bracket for height meter
- b) Data transfer cable GEV102
- c) Diagonal eyepiece GFZ3 or zenith eyepiece GOK6 (eyepiece for steep sighting) - optional
- d) Counterweight for diagonal eyepiece or zenith eyepiece - optional
- e) Instrument with supplied stylus and tribrach (with standard carry handle or RadioHandle attached)
- f) Protective cover for instrument and sunshade for objective lens
- g) Tip for mini prism
- h) Internal battery GEB221
- i) Mini prism and holder



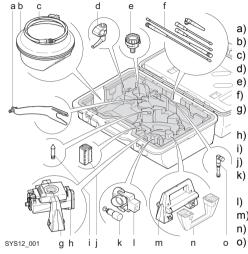


- a) Pocket knife optional
- b) Spare stylus
- c) User manual
- d) 2 x CompactFlash cards and covers
- Tool set for circular level and EDM adjustments - comprising two adjusting pins, one allen key and one screwdriver
- f) Battery charger
- g) Car adapter power plug for battery charger (stored under battery charger)

Description of the System

TPS1200

Container for System 1200 components part 1 of 2



- a) GAD33 Arm 15cm
- o) ATX SmartAntenna

c) Cables

d) GHT52 Clamp

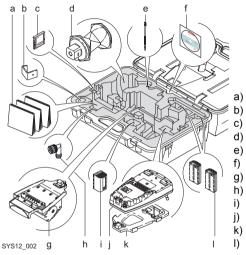
e) GAD31 Adapter

- f) Radio antennas
- g) GAD104 SmartAntenna Adapter
- h) GFU Radio modem

Mini Prism spike

- GEB221 Battery
- k) GRZ101 Mini prism and GAD103 Adapter
- I) GMP101 Mini prism
- m) RH1200 RadioHandle
- n) Instrument carry handle
- o) GAT15 Antenna



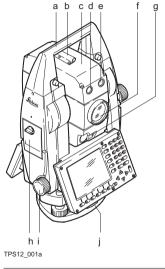


- Manuals
- GHT57 Bracket
-) CompactFlash card
- d) GRZ4 / GRZ122 Prism
- e) Spare stylus
- f) Software DVD
- g) GHT56 Holder
- h) TNC L-adapter
- i) GEB221 Battery
- j) RX1250 Controller
- k) GHT39 Holding plate
- I) GEB211 Batteries

TPS1200

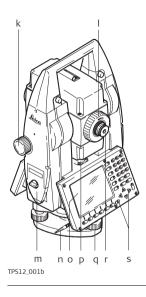
1.4 Instrument Components

Instrument components part 1 of 2



- a) Carry handle
- b) Optical sight
- c) Telescope, integrating EDM, ATR, EGL, PS
- d) EGL flashing diode yellow
- e) EGL flashing diode red
- f) Coaxial optics for angle and distance measurement, and exit port of visible laser beam for reflectorless instruments
- g) PowerSearch
- h) CompactFlash card compartment
- i) Horizontal drive
- j) Tribrach securing screw



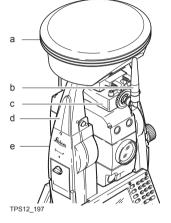


- k) Vertical drive
- I) Focusing ring
- m) Battery compartment
- n) Stylus for touch screen
- o) Screen
- p) Circular level
- q) Tribrach footscrew
- r) Interchangeable eyepiece
- s) Keyboard

Description of the System

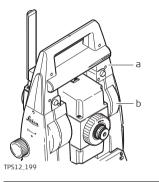
TPS1200

Instrument components for SmartStation



- a) SmartAntenna
- b) Antenna for communication device
- c) Clip-on-housing for communication device
- d) SmartAntenna Adapter
- e) Communication side cover



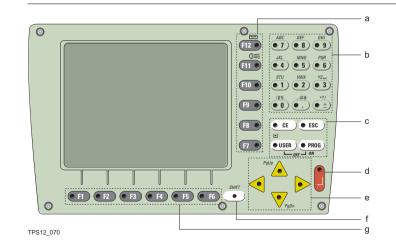


- a) RadioHandle
- b) Communication side cover

2 User Interface

2.1 Keyboard

Keyboard



- a) Hot keys F7-F12
- b) Alphanumeric keys
- c) CE, ESC, USER, PROG
- d) ENTER

- e) Arrow keys
- f) SHIFT
- g) Function keys F1-F6

Keys

Key	Description
Hot keys F7-F12	User definable keys to execute commands or access chosen screens.
Alphanumeric keys	To type letters and numbers.
CE	Clears all entry at the beginning of user input.Clears the last character during user input.
ESC	Leaves the current menu or dialog without storing changes made.
USER	Calls the user defined menu.
PROG (ON)	 If the instrument is off: to turn instrument on. If the sensor is on: press at any time to select an application program.

llcor	Interface
USEL	IIIIeiiace

Key	Description
ENTER	Selects the highlighted line and leads to the next logical dialog/menu.
	Starts the edit mode for edit fields.
	Opens a list box.
SHIFT	Changes between the first and the second level of func- tion keys.
Arrow keys	Move the focus on the screen.
Function keys F1-F6	Correspond to the six softkeys that appear on the bottom of the screen when the screen is activated.

Key combinations

Keys	Description
PROG plus USER	Turns instrument off.
SHIFT F12	Calls STATUS Level & Laser Plummet.
SHIFT F11	Calls CONFIGURE Lights, Display, Beeps, Text, Lights page.
SHIFT USER	Calls QUICK SET Change Settings to:.

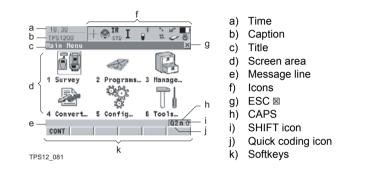
Keys	Description
SHIFT 🔺	Pages up.
SHIFT 🔻	Pages down.

User Interface

TPS1200

2.2 Screen

Screen



Elements of the screen

Element	Description
Time	The current local time is shown.
Caption	Shows location either in Main Menu , under PROG key or USER key.
Title	Name of the screen is shown.
Screen area	The working area of the screen.

Element	Description
Message line	Messages are shown for 10 s.
Icons	Shows current status information of the instrument. Refer to "2.4 lcons". Can be used with touch screen.
ESC ⊠	Can be used with touch screen. Same functionality as the fixed key ESC . The last operation will be undone.
CAPS	The caps mode for upper case letters is active. The caps mode is activated and deactivated by pressing UPPER (F5) or LOWER (F5) in some screens.
SHIFT icon	Shows the status of the SHIFT key; either first or second level of softkeys is selected. Can be used with touch screen and has the same functionality as the fixed key SHIFT .
Quick coding icon	Shows the quick coding configuration. Can be used with touch screen to turn quick coding on and off.
Softkeys	Commands can be executed using F1-F6 keys. The commands assigned to the softkeys are screen dependent. Can be used directly with touch screen.
Scroll bar	Scrolls the screen area up and down.

The user supplied only diffe	nciples interface is operated either by the keyboard or by the touch screen with stylus. The workflow is the same for keyboard and touch screen entry, the rence lies in the way information is selected and entered.		
upplied only diffe	stylus. The workflow is the same for keyboard and touch screen entry, the		
Press an	Press and hold PROG for 2 s.		
Step	Description		
(F	The instrument can only be turned off in TPS1200 Main Menu .		
1.	Press and hold both USER and PROG simultaneously.		
2.	Press YES (F6) to continue or NO (F4) to cancel.		
Option	Description		
Lock	To lock the keyboard press and hold SHIFT for 3 s. The message 'Keyboard locked' is momentarily displayed on the Message Line.		
Unlock	To unlock the keyboard press and hold SHIFT for 3 s. The message 'Keyboard unlocked' is momentarily displayed on the Message Line.		
	Step 1. 2. Dption Lock		

Selecting from a menu

Appearance	Description
11:45 TPS1200 Management 1 Jobs	To select an item from a menu, do one of the following: Move the focus to the item. ENTER or CONT (F1) . OR
2 Data 3 Codelists 4 Coordinate Systems	Type the complete selection number in front of the item. ENTER or CONT (F1) are not required.
	OR
	Tap on the item with the stylus.

Selecting a page

Appearance	Description
17:27 CONFIGURE 🚳 IR I Units & Formats	To select a page in a screen, do one of the following: PAGE (F6).
Units Angle Time Format Distance Unit: Distance Dec : 3 Angle Unit :	OR Tap on the page tab with the stylus.

User Interface	TPS1200 40	
Edit an entire value in input fields	Appearance	Description
in input netus	Survey [Map] Point ID : 001	 Highlight the field. Type numeric and/or alphanumeric characters to overwrite. ENTER or tap outside of the field.

Edit an individual character in input fields

Appearance	Description	
Survey[Map] Point ID : 001	A character can be inserted or overwritten. The proc dure is the same for both cases.	
	1. Highlight the field.	
	 For the keyboard: ENTER. The edit mode is activated where additional functions like insert and overwrite are available. 	
	3. For the touch screen: Highlight the characters to be changed.	
	4. Type numeric and/or alphanumeric characters.	
	5. ENTER or tap outside of the field.	

Access special alphanumeric characters for input

Step	Description
1.	Highlight the input field.
2.	For the keyboard: ENTER.
3.	Toggle to the desired special character set by using the up/down arrow keys.
4.	Press the function key assigned to the required character group.
5.	Press the function key with the required character.
6.	Repeat step 4. and 5. for entering more special characters of the same character set.
7.	ENTER.

Appearance and selection from a choicelist

Choicelists have various appearances.

Closed choicelist

Appearance	Description	Selection
	Triangles on the right indi- cate further available choices.	Use the arrow keys ◀ ► to change through the list or tap the triangles on the screen.

ENTER or tap on the field to access the choicelist. Opening a choicelist reveals either a simple listbox or a comprehensive listbox dialog.

Simple listbox

Appearance	Description	Selection
Date Format : Day.Honth.Year Date : 18.11.05	Choicelist shows items to select.	Highlight the item and ENTER.
	A search field is shown if necessary.A scroll bar is shown if necessary.	• To exit without changes ESC , tap ⊠ or outside the simple listbox.

Listbox dialog

Appearance	Description	Selection
17:17 MANAGE + STD I * * * * * * * Jobs (CF Card)	Choicelist fills the whole screen.	 Highlight the item and CONT (F1).
Default 17.07.0 active job 26.10.0 fixpoint job 26.10.0	 A search neid is shown. A scroll bar is shown if necessary. 	 To exit without changes press ESC or tap ⊠.
G2a (CONT NEW EDIT DEL DATA INTL	The functionality comprise adding, editing and deleting of items.	
	 Listbox dialogs are explained in detail at appropriate places in the manuals. 	

User Interface

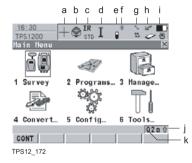
TPS1200

2.4 Icons

Description

The screen icons display the current status information of the instrument.

Position of the icons on the screen



- a) ATR/LOCK/PS
- b) Reflector
- c) EDM
- d) Compensator/face I&II
- e) RCS
- f) Bluetooth
- g) Line/area
- h) CompactFlash card/internal memory
- i) Battery
- j) SHIFT
- k) Quick coding





- a) GNSS position status
- Number of visible satellites b)
- Contributing satellites C)
- Real-time device and real-time d) status, Internet online status
- Position mode e)
- Bluetooth f)
- Line/area q)
- CompactFlash card/internal memory h)
- i) Battery
- SHIFT i)
- Quick coding k)

TPS specific icons

Icon	Description
ATR/LOCK/PS	The currently active ATR/LOCK/PS settings or searches are displayed.
Reflector	The currently active reflector is displayed.
EDM	The currently active EDM measurement settings are displayed.

Icon	Description	
Compensator/face I&II	Compensator off, out of range or face I&II icon is displayed.	
RCS	RCS settings are displayed.	

GPS specific icons

Icon	Description
GNSS Position status	Displays the status of the current position. As soon as this icon becomes visible the receiver is in a stage where practical operation can commence.
Number of visible satellites	Displays the number of theoretically visible satellites above the configured cut off angle according to the current almanac.
Contributing satellites	Displays the number of satellites that are contributing to the currently computed position solution.

Icon	Description	
	The number of contributing satellites can differ from the number of visible satellites. This may be either because satellites cannot be viewed or the observations to these satellites are considered to be too noisy to be used in the position solution.	
Real-time device and real-time status	Displays the real-time device configured to be used and its status.	
Internet online status	Receiver is online in the Internet.	
Position mode	Displays the current position mode.	

Common icons

Icon	Description	
Bluetooth	The status of each Bluetooth port and any Bluetooth connection is displayed.	
Line/area	The number of lines and areas currently open in the active job is displayed.	

Icon	Description	
CompactFlash card/internal memory	 The status of the CompactFlash card and internal memory if fitted are displayed. For the CompactFlash card, the capacity of used space is shown in seven levels. 	
	• For the internal memory if fitted, the capacity of used memory is shown in nine levels.	
Battery	The status and source of the battery is displayed. The percentage of remaining power capacity for all batteries are displayed numerically and graphically. For internal and external battery being attached at the same time the internal battery is used until it is empty and then the external battery is used.	
SHIFT	The status of the SHIFT key is displayed.	
Quick coding	Shows the quick coding configuration. Can be used with touch screen to turn quick coding on and off.	

User Interface

3 Operation

3.1 Instrument Setup

Description

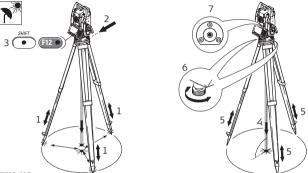
This topic describes an instrument setup over a marked ground point using the laser plummet. It is always possible to set up the instrument without the need for a marked ground point.



Important features:

- It is always recommended to shield the instrument from direct sunlight and avoid uneven temperatures around the instrument.
- The laser plummet described in this topic is built into the vertical axis of the instrument. It projects a red spot onto the ground, making it appreciably easier to centre the instrument.
- The laser plummet cannot be used in conjunction with a tribrach equipped with an optical plummet.
- Refer to "TPS1200 Technical Reference Manual" for additional information on using the laser plummet.

Setup step-by-step



TPS12_019

Step	Description
(B)	Shield the instrument from direct sunlight and avoid uneven temperatures around the instrument.
1.	Extend the tripod legs to allow for a comfortable working posture. Position the tripod over the marked ground point, centring it as well as possible.
2.	Fasten the tribrach and instrument onto the tripod.

E	2
J	4

Step	Description
3.	Turn on the instrument by pressing PROG for 2 s. Press SHIFT (F12) to access STATUS Level & Laser Plummet , activating the laser plummet.
4.	Move the tripod legs (1) and use the tribrach footscrews (6) to centre the plummet (4) over the ground point.
5.	Adjust the tripod legs to level the circular level (7).
6.	By using the electronic level turn the tribrach footscrews (6) to precisely level the instrument.
7.	Centre the instrument precisely over the ground point (4) by shifting the tribrach on the tripod plate (2).
8.	Repeat steps 6. and 7. until the required accuracy is achieved.

3.2 Autodetect Behaviour

Description

- The instrument incorporates an autodetect behaviour and automatically detects the following devices:
 - SmartAntenna
 - · RadioHandle
 - · radios/modems in clip-on-housings
- Whenever a device is attached, the instrument responds with two short beeps.
- Whenever a device is removed, the instrument responds with one long beep.

 SmartAntenna
 •
 SmartAntenna Adapter cannot be detected by the instrument but the devices that are attached to SmartAntenna Adapter are automatically detected. These devices are SmartAntenna and radios/modems in clip-on-housings.

Radio/Modem
in clip-on housing
All radios and modems that are built into a clip-on housing are automatically
detected by the instrument when attached to SmartAntenna Adapter, but the
device settings are not automatically set.

SmartAntenna

- SmartAntenna is automatically detected by the instrument when it is attached and **STATUS Interfaces** is automatically updated.
- · Certain functionality can only be executed if SmartAntenna is attached.

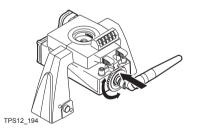
Operation	TPS1200	54
	 In addition to the autodetect behaviour, SmartAntenna can also be manual turned on/off using the ON/OFF button located on the underside. This actic overrides all automatic settings but is only possible when SmartAntenna is fi with an internal battery. 	'n
	If turned off, SmartAntenna is automatically turned on:	
	 by the Setup application, when <station coord:="" from="" gps=""></station> 	
	 by the GPS Survey application, in the GPS SURVEY screen. 	
	 in the STATUS SmartStation menu 	
RadioHandle	RadioHandle is automatically detected by the instrument when it is attache	d.
	• When RadioHandle is attached and RCS Mode is activated via the quick sett in SHIFT USER , the appropriate port and device settings are set.	ings

3.3 Instrument Setup as SmartStation

3.3.1 SmartStation Setup

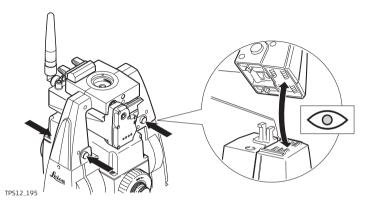
Setup step-by-step

Step	Description
()	Refer to "3.5 Battery" to change the internal battery of the SmartAntenna.
(a)	Refer to "3.1 Instrument Setup" for the initial instrument setup onto a tripod. Remove the instrument carry handle by simultaneously pressing and holding-in the four push buttons.

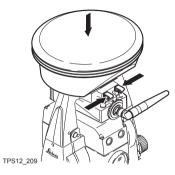


 s	r	ŝ
 ,		,

Step	Description
1.	A circular screw is located at one end of the clip-on-housing. Ensure that the circular screw is in the unlocked position. Turn it anticlockwise, as shown by the lock and arrow symbols on the screw.
2.	Slide the clip-on-housing into position underneath the SmartAntenna Adapter, such that the guide rails on the clip-on-housing and the guide rails on the SmartAntenna Adapter are aligned.
()	Ensure that the connector located at the end of the clip-on-housing fits into its port of the SmartAntenna Adapter.
3.	Lock the circular screw by turning it clockwise, as shown by the lock and arrow symbols on the screw. The clip-on-housing is now locked into position.
4.	Thread the antenna onto the clip-on-housing.



Step	Description
5.	Place the SmartAntenna Adapter with attached clip-on-housing onto the instrument by simultaneously pressing and holding-in the four push buttons.
	Ensure that the interface connection on the underside of the SmartAn- tenna Adapter is on the same side as the Communication side cover.



Step	Description
6.	Place the SmartAntenna onto the SmartAntenna Adapter by simultane- ously pressing and holding-in the two press clips.
()	Ensure that the clip-on-contacts on the underside of the SmartAntenna are aligned to the clip-on-contacts of the SmartAntenna Adapter.

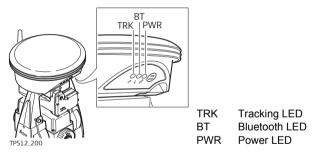
3.3.2 LED Indicators on SmartAntenna

LED Indicators

Description

SmartAntenna has Light Emitting Diode indicators. They indicate the basic antenna status.

Diagram of LED Indicators



IF the	is	THEN		
TRK	off	no satellites are tracked.		
	flashing green	less than four satellites are tracked, a position is not yet available.		
	green	enough satellites are tracked to compute a position.		
	red	SmartAntenna is initialising.		
BT	green	Bluetooth is in data mode and ready for connecting.		
	purple	Bluetooth is connecting.		
	blue	Bluetooth has connected.		
	flashing blue	data is being transferred.		
PWR	off	power is off.		
	green	power is okay.		
	flashing green	power is low. The remaining time for which enough power is available depends on the type of survey, the temperature and the age of the battery.		

3.3.3 Working with the Clip-On-Housings for Devices

Devices fitting into a clip-on-housing

Digital cellular phones fitting into a clip-on-housing

Digital cellular phone	Clip-on-housing
Siemens MC75	GFU24
CDMA MultiTech MTMMC-C (US)	GFU19
CDMA MultiTech MTMMC-C (CAN)	GFU25

Radios fitting into a clip-on-housing

Radio	Clip-on-housing
Pacific Crest PDL, receive	GFU15
Satelline 3AS, transceive	GFU14

Operation	TPS1200 62			
Attach/detach a clip-on-housing step-by-step	a clip-on-housing "3.3.1 SmartStation Setup" for detailed information. a clip-on-housing			
	Step	Description		
	1.	A circular screw is located at one end of the clip-on-housing. To unlock and release the clip-on-housing from the SmartAntenna Adapter turn the screw anticlockwise, as shown by the lock and arrow symbols on the screw.		
	2.	Slide the clip-on-housing away from the SmartAntenna Adapter until the connector is completely unplugged from its port.		
Insert a SIM card step-by-step	For tho:	se digital cellular phones that require SIM cards.		
Step-by-Step	Step	Description		
	1.	Take the SIM card, a coin and a pen.		
	2.	Locate the SIM card screw, that covers the SIM card slot, at the end of the clip-on-housing.		
	3.	Insert the coin into the groove of the SIM card screw.		
	4.	Turn the coin anticlockwise to loosen the SIM card screw.		

Step	Description		
5.	Remove the SIM card screw from the housing.		
6.	Using the pen, press the small button of the SIM card slot to eject the SIM card holder.		
7.	Take the SIM card holder out off the housing.		
8.	Put the SIM card into the SIM card holder, the chip facing up.		
9.	Insert the SIM card holder into the SIM card slot, the chip facing the connectors inside the slot.		
10.	Place the SIM card screw back onto the housing.		
11.	Insert the coin into the groove of the SIM card screw.		
12.	Turn the coin clockwise to tighten the SIM card screw.		

0	pe	ra	ti	on	I
	r -				

step-by-step	Step	Description
	1.	Take a coin and a pen.
	2.	Locate the SIM card screw, that covers the SIM card slot, at the end of the clip-on-housing.
	3.	Insert the coin into the groove of the SIM card screw.
	4.	Turn the coin anticlockwise to loosen the SIM card screw.
	5.	Remove the SIM card screw from the housing.
	6.	Using the pen, press the small button of the SIM card slot to eject the SIM card holder.
	7.	Take the SIM card holder out off the SIM card slot.
	8.	Take the SIM card out of the SIM card holder.
	9.	Put the SIM card holder back into the SIM card slot, the even side not facing the contacts inside the slot.
	10.	Place the SIM card screw back onto the housing.
	11.	Turn the coin clockwise to tighten the SIM card screw.

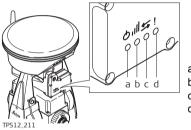
3.3.4 LED Indicators on Clip-On-Housings

LED Indicators

Description

Each clip-on-housing for a radio or a digital cellular phone has Light Emitting Diode indicators. They indicate the basic device status.

Diagram of the LED Indicators



- a) Power LED
- b) Signal strength LED
- c) Data transfer LED
- d) Warning LED, available for Satelline 3AS

Description of the LED Indicators

IF the	on	is	THEN
Warning LED	GFU14 with Satelline 3AS	red	the device is in the configuration mode controlled from the PC via cable.
Data	any device	off	data is not being transferred.
transfer LED		green or flashing green	data is being transferred.
Signal strength	GFU19 (US), GFU25 (CAN) with CDMA MultiTech MTMMC-C	red	device is on, not registered on the network.
LED		flashing red	device is on, registered on the network.
		off	download mode or device is off.

IF the	on	is	THEN
	GFU24 with	red	call is in progress.
	Siemens MC75	red: long flash, long break	no SIM card inserted, no PIN entered or network search, user authentication or network login in progress.
		red: short flash, long break	logged onto network, no call in progress.
		red: flashing red, long break	GPRS PDP context activated.
		red: long flash, short break	Packet switched data transfer is in progress.
		off	device is off.

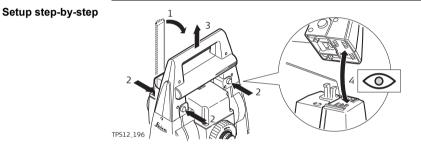
Operation

TPS1200

IF the	on	is	THEN
	GFU15 with Pacific Crest PDL	red or flashing red	the communication link, D ata C arrier D etection, is okay on the roving receiver.
		off	the DCD is not okay.
	GFU14 with Satelline 3AS	red or flashing red	the communication link, D ata C arrier D etection, is okay on the roving receiver.
		off	the DCD is not okay.
Power	any device	off	power is off.
LED		green	power is okay.

3.4 Instrument Setup for Remote Control

3.4.1 Remote Control Setup



Step	Description
	Refer to "3.1 Instrument Setup" for the initial instrument setup onto a tripod. Remove the instrument carry handle by simultaneously pressing and holding-in the four push buttons.
1.	Place the RadioHandle onto the instrument by simultaneously pressing and holding-in the four push buttons.

Step	Description	
(B)	Ensure that the interface connection on the underside of the RadioHandle is on the same side as the Communication side cover.	
2.	Swing the RadioHandle antenna into an upright position.	
(B)	Refer to "RX1200 User Manual" for additional information.	

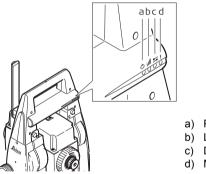
3.4.2 LED Indicators on RadioHandle

LED Indicators

Description

The RadioHandle has Light Emitting Diode indicators. They indicate the basic RadioHandle status.

Diagram of the LED Indicators



- a) Power LED
- b) Link LED
- c) Data Transfer LED
- d) Mode LED

Operation

IF the	is	THEN
Power LED	off	power is off.
	green	power is on.
Link LED	off	no radio link to remote controller.
	red	radio link to remote controller.
Data Transfer LED	off	no data transfer to/from remote controller.
	green or green flashing	data transfer to/from remote controller.
Mode LED	off	data mode.
	red	configuration mode.

3.5 Battery

3.5.1 Operating Principles



Primary use/charging

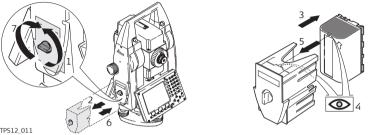
- The battery must be charged prior to using it for the first time because it is delivered with an energy content as low as possible.
- For new batteries or batteries that have been stored for a long time (> three months), it is effectual to make only one charge/discharge cycle.
- For Li-Ion batteries, a single discharging and charging cycle is sufficient. We
 recommend carrying out the process when the battery capacity indicated on the
 charger or on a Leica Geosystems product deviates significantly form the actual
 battery capacity available.
- The permissible temperature range for charging is between 0°C to +40°C/+32°F to +104°F. For optimal charging we recommend charging the batteries at a low ambient temperature of +10°C to +20°C/+50°F to +68°F if possible.
- It is normal for the battery to become warm during charging. Using the chargers
 recommended by Leica Geosystems, it is not possible to charge the battery if
 the temperature is too high.

Operation/Discharging

- The batteries can be operated from -20°C to +55°C/-4°F to +131°F.
- Low operating temperatures reduce the capacity that can be drawn; very high operating temperatures reduce the service life of the battery.

3.5.2 **Instrument Battery**

Change battery step-by-step



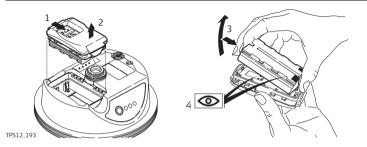
|--|

Step	Description		
1.	Face the instrument so that the vertical drive screw is on the left. The battery compartment is now on the left side of the instrument. Turn the knob to the vertical position, opening the lid of the battery compartment.		
2.	Pull out the battery housing.		
3.	Pull the battery from the battery housing.		
4.	A pictogram of the battery is displayed inside the battery housing. This is a visual aid to assist in placing the battery correctly.		

Step	Description
5.	Place the battery into the battery housing, ensuring that the contacts are facing outward. Click the battery into position.
6.	Place the battery housing into the battery compartment. Push the battery housing in until it fits completely into the battery compartment.
7.	Turn the knob to lock the battery compartment. Ensure that the knob is returned to its original horizontal position.

3.5.3 SmartAntenna Battery

Change battery step-by-step



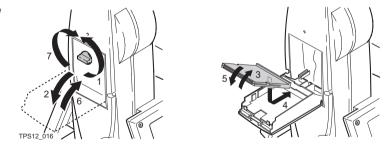
Step	Description
()	Turn SmartAntenna over to gain access to the battery compartment.
1.	Open the battery compartment by pushing the slide fastener in the direction of the arrow with the open-lock symbol.
2.	Pull out the battery housing. The battery is attached to the housing.
3.	Hold the battery housing and pull the battery from the battery housing.

Step	Description
4.	A polarity of the battery is displayed inside the battery housing. This is a visual aid to assist in placing the battery correctly.
5.	Place the battery onto the battery housing, ensuring that the contacts are facing outward. Click the battery into position.
6.	Close the battery compartment by pushing the slide fastener in the direction of the arrow with the close-lock symbol.

3.6 Working with the CompactFlash Card

- · Keep the card dry.
- Use it only within the specified temperature range.
- Do not bend the card.
- · Protect the card from direct impacts.

Failure to follow these instructions could result in data loss and/or permanent damage to the card.



Insert and remove a CompactFlash card step-by-step

(B

(B

Step	Description			
1.	Face the instrument so that the vertical drive screw is on the left. The CompactFlash card compartment is now on the right side of the instrument. Turn the knob to the vertical position, opening the lid of the CompactFlash card compartment.			
2.	Open the lid of the CompactFlash card compartment.			
3.	Pull the front of the CompactFlash card up and take the card out of the lid.			
4.	Place the lower end of the CompactFlash card at the lower end of the CompactFlash card compartment. The extended edge of the card has to be on the upper side as shown on the pictogram in the CompactFlash card compartment.			
5.	Press the card down on the lid.			
6.	Close the lid.			
7.	Turn the knob to lock the CompactFlash card compartment. The lid is closed correctly when the knob is turned to a horizontal position.			

Format a CompactFlash card step-by-step Formatting the CompactFlash card before starting to store data is required if a completely new CompactFlash card is used or if all existing data needs to be deleted.

Step	Description			
1.	Main Menu: Tools\Format Memory Device.			
2.	TOOLS Format Memory Device			
	<memory card="" cf="" device:=""></memory>			
	<format format="" method:="" quick=""></format>			
	Select the memory device to be formatted.			
	By activating the format command all data will be lost. Make sure that all important data on the CompactFlash card has been backed up before formatting the card. Before formatting the internal memory make sure that all important data is first transferred to the PC.			
(B)	To exit the screen without formatting the memory device, press ESC . This returns to the previous screen without execution of any command.			
3.	CONT (F1).			
4.	YES (F4) to complete the formatting of the CompactFlash card.			
(j)	NO (F6) to abort the formatting of the CompactFlash card and return to TOOLS Format Memory Device .			
5.	Once the formatting of the CompactFlash card is completed the system returns to TPS1200 Main Menu .			

0	n 0	rot	ion
U	pe	ιαι	1011

3.7 Accessing Survey Application Program

Access	Select Main Menu: Survey . OR Press PROG . Highlight Survey . CONT (F1) .		
SURVEY Survey Begin	11:40 Image: Strong in Strong		

Description of fields

Field	Option	Description
<job:></job:>	Choicelist	The active job. All jobs from Main Menu: Manage\Jobs can be selected.
<coord system:=""></coord>	Output	The coordinate system currently attached to the selected <job:></job:> .
<codelist:></codelist:>	Choicelist	No codes are stored in the selected <job:></job:> . All codelists from Main Menu: Manage\Codelists can be selected.
	Output	Codes have already been stored in the selected <job:></job:> . If codes had been copied from a System RAM codelist, then the name of the codelist is displayed. If codes have not been copied from a System RAM codelist but typed in manually, then the name of the active job is displayed.
<config set:=""></config>	Choicelist	The active configuration set. All configuration sets from Main Menu: Manage\Configura- tion Sets can be selected.

O	no	rati	ion
	he	Iau	

TPS1200

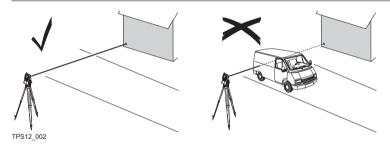
Field	Option	Description
		The instrument has numerous user configura- tion parameters and functions. This allows a variety of preferences to be addressed. The configuration of the parameters and functions for an individual measuring technique are combined in a configuration set.
<reflector:></reflector:>	Choicelist	Displays the active reflector. All reflectors from Main Menu: Manage\Reflectors . All listed reflectors can be selected.
<add. constant:=""></add.>	Output	Displays the additive constant stored with the chosen reflector.

Next step

CONT (F1) to access SURVEY Survey: Job Name, where measurements can be performed with ALL (F1) or DIST (F2) and/or REC (F3).

3.8 Guidelines for Correct Results

Very short distances may be measured reflectorless in IR mode to well reflecting targets. Note that the distances are corrected with the additive constant defined for the active reflector.



When measurements are being made using the red laser EDM, the results may be influenced by objects passing between the EDM and the intended target surface. This occurs because reflectorless measurements are made to the first surface returning sufficient energy to allow the measurement to take place. For example, if the intended target surface is the surface of a road, but a vehicle passes between the EDM and the target surface as **DIST (F2)** or **ALL (F1)** is pressed, the measure-

Distance measurement

(B

Operation

Operation	TPS1200 86
	ment may be made to the side of the vehicle. The result is the distance to the vehicle, not to the road surface.
	If using the red laser EDM for long range measurements to a prism, and an object passes within 30 m of the EDM as DIST (F2) or ALL (F1) is pressed, the distance measurement may be similarly effected due to the strength of the laser signal.
	Due to laser safety regulations and measuring accuracy, using the Long Range Reflectorless EDM is only allowed to prisms that are more than 1000 m (3300 ft) away.
() B	Accurate measurements to prisms should be made in IR mode.
(B)	When a distance measurement is triggered, the EDM measures to the object which is in the beam path at that moment. If a temporary obstruction, for example a passing vehicle, heavy rain, fog or snow is between the instrument and the point to be measured, the EDM may measure to the obstruction.
	Do not measure with two instruments to the same target simultaneously to avoid getting mixed return signals.
ATR/lock	Instruments equipped with an ATR sensor permit automatic angle and distance measurements to prisms. The prism is sighted with the optical sight. After initiating a distance measurement, the instrument sights the prism centre automatically.

Vertical and horizontal angles and the distance are measured to the centre of the prism. The lock mode enables the instrument to follow a moving prism.

- As with all other instrument errors, the collimation error of the automatic target recognition must be redetermined periodically. Refer to "4 Check & Adjust" about checking and adjusting instruments.
- When a measurement is triggered while the prism is still moving, distance and angle measurements may not be made for the same position and wrong coordinates may be calculated.
- If the prism location is changed too quickly, the target may be lost. Make sure that the speed does not exceed the figure given in the technical data.

ŝ

ŝ

. S

4 Check & Adjust

4.1 Overview

quality. Quick temperature changes, shock or stress can cause of decrease the instrument accuracy. It is therefore recommended to check and adjust the instrument f This can be done in the field by running through specific measure The procedures are guided and have to be followed carefully and		nstrument accuracy. ecommended to check and adjust the instrument from time to time. ne in the field by running through specific measurement procedures. s are guided and have to be followed carefully and precisely as e following chapters. Some other instrument errors and mechanical
Electronic	The following in	nstrument errors can be checked and adjusted electronically:
adjustment	I, t i c a ATR	Compensator longitudinal and transversal index errors Vertical index error, related to the standing axis Hz collimation error, also called line of sight error Tilting axis error ATR zero point error for Hz and V - option

Every angle measured in the daily work is corrected automatically if the compensator and the Hz-corrections are activated in the instrument configuration. Select **Main Menu: Config...\Instrument Settings...\Compensator** to check the settings.

View current adjustment errors

The currently used adjustment errors can be viewed under Main Menu: Tools.../Check & Adjust...\Current Values.

Mechanical adjustment

The following instrument parts can be adjusted mechanically:

- Circular level on instrument and tribrach
- Visible red laser beam of reflectorless EDM option
- Laser plummet
 - Optical plummet option on tribrach
 - Allen screws on tripod
- Circular level on instrument and tribrach
- Laser plummet
- Optical plummet option on tribrach
 - Allen screws on tripod

Precise measurements To get precise measurements in the daily work, it is important:

- To check and adjust the instrument from time to time.
- · To take high precision measurements during the check and adjust procedures.

Check & Adjust	TPS1200 90
	 To measure targets in two faces. Some of the instrument errors are eliminated by averaging the angles from both faces.
	Refer to "4.2 Preparation" to find more important points.
Ē	During the manufacturing process, the instrument errors are carefully determined and set to zero. As mentioned above, these errors can change and it is highly recom mended to redetermine them in the following situations:
	Before the first use
	Before every high precision survey
	After rough or long transportations
	After long working periods
	After long storage periods
	 If the temperature difference between current environment and the temperature at the last calibration is more than 20°C

Summary of errors to be adjusted electronically

Instrument error	Effects Hz	Effects V	Elimination with two face measurement	Automatically corrected with proper adjust- ment
c - Line of sight error	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark
a - Tilting axis error	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark
I - Compensator index error		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
t - Compensator index error	\checkmark		\checkmark	\checkmark
i - V-Index error		\checkmark	\checkmark	\checkmark
ATR Collimation error	\checkmark	\checkmark		\checkmark

Check & Adjust		TPS1200	92
4.2	Preparation		
(Jan)		Before determining the instrument errors, the instrument has to up using the electronic level. SHIFT F12 to access STATUS Lev Plummet, Level page.	
		The tribrach, the tripod and the underground should be very sta secure from vibrations or other disturbances.	ble and
() I		The instrument should be protected from direct sunlight in orde thermal warming.	r to avoid
		It is also recommended to avoid strong heat shimmer and air tu The best conditions are usually early in the morning or with over	
() T	temper	starting to work, the instrument has to become acclimatised to th ature. Approximately two minutes per °C of temperature difference to working environment but at least 15 min should be taken into	e from

සි

Note, that even after good adjustment of the ATR, the crosshairs might not be positioned exactly on the centre of the prism after an ATR measurement has been executed. This is a normal effect. To speed up the ATR measurement, the telescope is normally not positioned exactly on the centre of the prism. The small rest deviations, the ATR offsets are measured individually for each measurement and corrected electronically. This means that the Hz- and V- angles are corrected twice: first by the determined ATR errors for Hz and V and then by the individual small deviations of the current pointing.

Next step

IF the task is to	THEN
adjust a combination of instrument errors	Refer to "4.3 Combined Adjustment (I, t, i, c and ATR)"
adjust the tilting axis	Refer to "4.4 Tilting Axis Adjustment (a)"
adjust the circular level	Refer to "4.5 Adjustment of the Circular Level"
adjust the EDM	Refer to "4.6 Adjustment of the Reflectorless EDM"
adjust the laser/optical plummet	Refer to "4.7 Adjustment of the Laser Plummet"
adjust the tripod	Refer to "4.8 Service of the Tripod"

Check & Adjust

4.3 Combined Adjustment (I, t, i, c and ATR)

Description	The cor one pro	mbined adjustment procedure determines the following instrument errors in cess:
	l, t i c ATR Hz ATR V	Compensator longitudinal and transversal index errors Vertical index error, related to the standing axis Hz collimation error, also called line of sight error ATR zero point error for Hz angle - option ATR zero point error for V angle - option
Combined adjustment		owing table explains the most common settings.
procedure	Step	Description
step-by-step	1.	Main Menu: Tools\Check & Adjust
	2.	TOOLS Check & Adjust Menu
		Select the option: Combined (I,t,i,c,ATR)
	3.	TOOLS Combined I

Step	Description
	ATR Adjust: On> Includes the determination of the ATR Hz and V adjustment errors if an ATR is available. It is recommended to use a clean Leica circular prism as target. Do not use a 360° prism.
4.	Aim the telescope accurately at a target at about 100 m distant. The target must be positioned within $\pm 9^{\circ}/\pm 10$ gon of the horizontal plane. The procedure can be started in any telescope face.

TPS1200



Step	Description		
5.	MEAS (F1) to measure and to continue to the next screen.		
	Motorised instruments change auto- matically to the other face.		
	Non-motorised instruments guide to the other face.		
	The fine pointing has to be performed manually in both faces.		
6.	TOOLS Combined II		
	MEAS (F1) to measure the same target in the other face and to calculate the instrument errors.		
	If one or more errors are bigger than the predefined limits, the procedure has to be repeated. All measurements of the current run are rejected and none of them is averaged with the results from previous runs.		
7.	TOOLS Adjustment Accuracy		

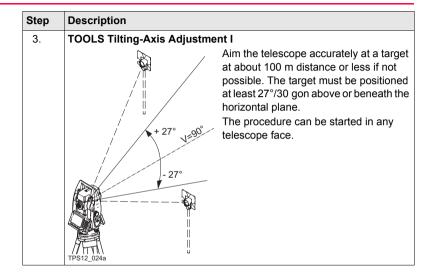
Step	Description
	<no.of meas:=""></no.of> Shows the number of runs executed. One run consists of a measurement in face I and face II.
	<o comp:="" l=""> and similar lines show the standard deviations of the determined adjustment errors. The standard deviations can be calculated from the second run onwards.</o>
()	It is recommended to measure at least two runs.
8.	MEAS (F5) if more runs have to be added. Continue with step 3.
	OR
	CONT (F1) to accept the measurements and to proceed to TOOLS Adjustment Results. No more runs can be added later.

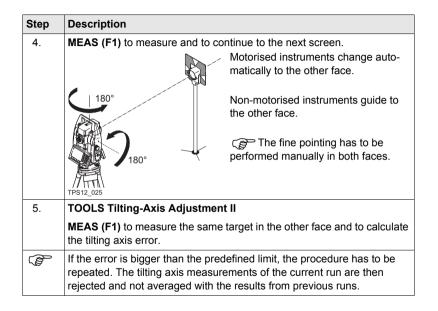
Check & Adjust		TPS1200 98	
Next step	IF the results are THEN		
	to be stored	CONT (F1) overwrites the old adjustment errors with the new ones, if the Use status is set to Yes .	
	to be determined again	REDO (F2) rejects all new determined adjustment errors and repeats the whole procedure. Refer to step 3. of paragraph "Combined adjustment procedure step-by-step".	

4.4 Tilting Axis Adjustment (a)

Description	This adj a	ustment procedure determines the following instrument error: Tilting axis error		
Determination of	The following table explains the most common settings.			
tilting axis error step-by-step	Step	Pep Description		
	(a)	The Hz collimation error (c) has to be determined before starting this procedure.		
	1.	Main Menu: Tools\Check & Adjust		
	2.	TOOLS Check & Adjust Menu		
		Select the option: Tilting Axis (a)		

TPS1200





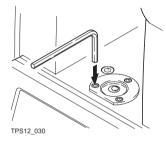
Step	Description	
6.	TOOLS T-Axis Adjustment Accuracy	
	<no.of meas:=""></no.of> Shows the number of runs executed. One run consists of a measurement in face I and face II.	
	o a T-axis:> shows the standard deviation of the determined tilting axis error. The standard deviation can be calculated from the second run onwards.	
	It is recommended to measure at least two runs.	
7.	MEAS (F5) if more runs have to be added. Continue with step 3.	
	OR	
	CONT (F1) to accept the measurements and to proceed to TOOLS T-Axis Adjustment Result. No more runs can be added later.	

Next step

IF the results are	THEN
to be stored	CONT (F1) overwrites the old tilting axis error with the new one.
to be determined again	REDO (F2) rejects the new determined tilting axis error and repeats the whole procedure. Refer to step 3. of paragraph "Determination of tilting axis error step-by-step".

4.5 Adjustment of the Circular Level

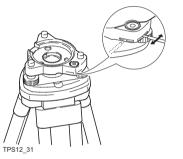
On the instrument step-by-step



Step	Description	
1.	Level up the instrument in advance with the electronic level, assuming that the electronic level is correctly adjusted. SHIFT F12 to access STATUS Level & Laser Plummet.	
2.	The bubble must be centered. If it extends beyond the circle, use the allen keys supplied to centre it with the adjustment screws. Turn the instrument slowly 200 gon (180°). Repeat the adjustment procedure if the bubble does not stay centered.	

Step	Description
(B)	After the adjustment, no screw shall be loose.

On the tribrach step-by-step



The following table explains the most common settings.

Step	Description	
1.	Level up the instrument with the electronic level, assuming that the ele tronic level is correctly adjusted. SHIFT F12 to access STATUS Level Laser Plummet. Then remove it from the tribrach.	

Check & Adjust		TPS1200	106
	Step	Description	
	2.	The bubble of the tribrach must be centered. If it extends beyond the circle, use the adjusting pin in conjunction with the two cross headed adjustment screws to centre it.	
	()	After the adjustment, no screw shall be loose.	

4.6 Adjustment of the Reflectorless EDM

Chapter validity



This chapter is relevant for Telescope Type 1 only.

- General
 The red laser beam used for measuring without reflector is arranged coaxially with the line of sight of the telescope, and emerges from the objective port. If the instrument is well adjusted, the red measuring beam coincides with the visual line of sight. External influences such as shock, stress or large temperature fluctuations can displace the red measuring beam relative to the line of sight.
- The direction of the beam should be inspected before precise measurements of distances are attempted, because an excessive deviation of the laser beam from the line of sight can result in imprecise distance measurements.

Direct intrabeam viewing is always hazardous.

Precautions:

Do not stare into the beam or direct it towards other people unnecessarily. These measures are also valid for the reflected beam.

Warning

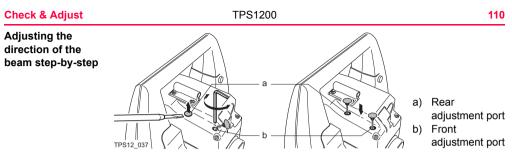
Check & Adjust	TPS1200	108
Inspecting the direction of the beam step-by-step	North Contraction of the second secon	



The following table explains the most common settings.

Step	Description		
1.	Set up the provided target plate between 5 m and 20 m with the grey reflective side facing the instrument.		
2.	Move the telescope to face II.		
3.	Switch on the red laser beam by activating the laser pointer function. SHIFT F11 to access CONFIGURE Lights, Display, Beeps, Text and then select the Lights page.		

Step	Description
4.	Align the instrument crosshairs to the centre of the target plate, and then inspect the position of the red laser dot on the target plate. Generally speaking the red dot cannot be seen through the tele- scope, so look at the target plate from just above the telescope or from just to the side of it.
5.	If the dot illuminates the cross on the plate, the achievable adjustment precision has been reached; if it lies outside the limits of the cross, the direction of the beam needs to be adjusted. Refer to paragraph "Adjusting the direction of the beam step-by-step". If the dot on the more reflective side of the plate is too bright and dazzling, use the white side instead to carry out the inspection.



The following table explains the most common settings.

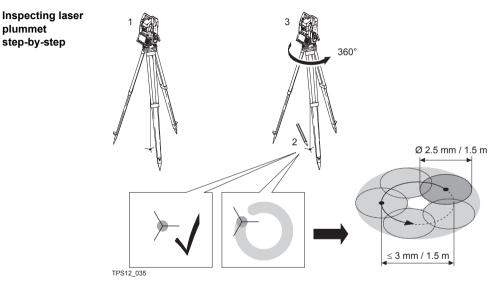
Step	Description
1.	Pull the two plugs softly out from the adjustment ports on top side of the telescope housing in face II.
	Make sure not to break the strings of the two plugs.
2.	To correct the height of the beam, insert the screwdriver supplied into the rear adjustment port and turn it clockwise to move the dot on the target plate obliquely upwards or anticlockwise to move it downwards.
3.	To correct the beam laterally, insert the screwdriver into the front adjust- ment port and turn it clockwise to move the dot on the target plate to the right or anticlockwise to move it to the left.

Step	Description
(B)	Throughout the adjustment procedure, keep the telescope pointing to the target plate.
4.	After each adjustment, put back the plugs in the ports to keep out damp and dirt.

4.7 Adjustment of the Laser Plummet

(B

The laser plummet is located in the vertical axis of the instrument. Under normal conditions of use, the laser plummet does not need adjusting. If an adjustment is necessary due to external influences, the instrument has to be returned to any Leica Geosystems authorized service workshop.



The following table explains the most common settings.

п	п	а

Step	Description
1.	Setup the instrument on a tripod (1).
2.	Level up the instrument with the electronic level. SHIFT F12 to access STATUS Level & Laser Plummet.
3.	PAGE (F6) to access the Laser Plummet page. Switch on the laser plummet.
(j)	Inspection of the laser plummet should be carried out on a bright, smooth and horizontal surface, such like a sheet of paper.
4.	Mark the centre of the red dot on the ground (2).
5.	Slowly turn the instrument through 360°, carefully observing the movement of the red laser dot (3).
	The maximum diameter of the circular movement described by the centre of the laser point should not exceed 3 mm at a distance of 1.5 m.
6.	IF the centre of the laser dot describes a perceptible circular movement or moves more than 3 mm away from the point which was first marked, an adjustment may be required. Inform your nearest Leica Geosystems authorized service workshop.

Depending on brightness and surface, the diameter of the laser dot can vary. At a distance of 1.5 m it is about 2.5 mm.

Service of the Tripod 4.8

Service tripod step-by-step



TPS12_029

The following table explains the most common settings.

Step	Description
(B)	The connections between timber and metal must be firm and tight.
1.	Moderately tighten the allen screws (2) with the allen key supplied with the tripod.
2.	Tighten articulated joints just enough to keep the tripod legs open when lifting the tripod off the ground (1).
3.	Tighten the allen screws of the tripod legs (3).

5 Care and Transport

5.1 Transport

Transport in the field	 When transporting the equipment in the field, always make sure that you either carry the product in its original transport container, or carry the tripod with its legs splayed across your shoulder, keeping the attached product upright. 		
Transport in a road vehicle	Never carry the product loose in a road vehicle, as it can be affected by shock and vibration. Always carry the product in its transport container and secure it.		
Shipping	When transporting the product by rail, air or sea, always use the complete original Leica Geosystems packaging, transport container and cardboard box, or its equivalent, to protect against shock and vibration.		
Shipping, transport of batteries	When transporting or shipping batteries, the person in charge of the product must ensure that the applicable national and international rules and regulations are observed. Before transportation or shipping, contact your local passenger or freight transport company.		

Field adjustment After transport inspect the field adjustment parameters given in this user manual before using the product.

Care and Transport	TPS1200 12
5.2 Storag	je
Product	Respect the temperature limits when storing the equipment, particularly in summer if the equipment is inside a vehicle. Refer to "7 Technical Data" for information about temperature limits.
Field adjustment	After long periods of storage inspect the field adjustment parameters given in this user manual before using the product.
Li-Ion batteries	 Refer to "7.9 General Technical Data of the Instrument" for information about storage temperature range.
	 A storage temperature range of -20°C to +30°C/-4°F to 68°F in a dry environment is recommended to minimize self-discharging of the battery.
	 At the recommended storage temperature range, batteries containing a 10% to 50% charge can be stored for up to one year. After this storage period the batteries must be recharged.
	Remove batteries from the product and the charger before storing.
	After storage recharge batteries before using.
	 Protect batteries from damp and wetness. Wet or damp batteries must be dried before storing or use.

5.3 Cleaning and Drying

Objective, eyepiece and prisms	Blow dust off lenses and prisms.Never touch the glass with your fingers.		
	 Use only a clean, soft, lint-free cloth for cleaning. If necessary, moisten the cloth with water or pure alcohol. Do not use other liquids; these may attack the polymer components. 		
Fogging of prisms	Reflector prisms that are cooler than the ambient temperature tend to fog. It is not enough simply to wipe them. Keep them for some time inside your jacket or in the vehicle to allow them to adjust to the ambient temperature.		
Damp products	Dry the product, the transport container, the foam inserts and the accessories at a temperature not greater than 40°C / 108°F and clean them. Do not repack until everything is completely dry.		
Cables and plugs	Keep plugs clean and dry. Blow away any dirt lodged in the plugs of the connecting cables.		

Care and Transpo	rt TPS1200 122
5.4 Main	tenance
Motorisation	An inspection of the motorisation in motorised products must be done in a Leica Geosystems authorized service workshop.

Following conditions:

- After about 4000 hours operation.
- Twice a year in case of permanent use of the product, for example in monitoring applications.

6.1 General Introduction

Description

The following directions should enable the person responsible for the product, and the person who actually uses the equipment, to anticipate and avoid operational hazards.

The person responsible for the product must ensure that all users understand these directions and adhere to them.

6.2 Intended Use

Permitted use

- · Measuring horizontal and vertical angles.
- · Measuring distances.
- Recording measurements.
- Automatic target search, recognition and -tracking.
- Visualizing the aiming direction and vertical axis.
- · Remote control of surveying products.
- · Data transmission to external appliances.
- Transmitting and receiving data.
- Measuring raw data and computing coordinates using carrier phase and code signal from GNSS (Global Navigation Satellite System) satellites.
- · Carrying out measurement tasks using various GNSS measuring techniques.
- · Recording GNSS and point related data.
- Computation and evaluation by means of software.
- Data transfer via radio or digital cellular phone for real-time kinematic surveys.

Adverse use

- Use of the product without instruction.
- · Use outside of the intended limits.
- Disabling safety systems.

Safety Directions	TPS1200	126
	Removal of hazard notices.	
	 Opening the product using tools, for example screwdriver, unless this cally permitted for certain functions. 	s is specifi-
	Modification or conversion of the product.	
	Use after misappropriation.	
	Use of products with obviously recognizable damages or defects.	
	 Use with accessories from other manufacturers without the prior exp approval of Leica Geosystems. 	licit
	Aiming directly into the sun.	
	 Inadequate safeguards at the surveying site, for example when mean roads. 	suring on
	Deliberate dazzling of third parties.	
	 Controlling of machines, moving objects or similar monitoring applicati additional control- and safety installations. 	on without
▲ Warning	Adverse use can lead to injury, malfunction and damage.	
<u></u>	It is the task of the person responsible for the equipment to inform the us hazards and how to counteract them. The product is not to be operated un has been instructed on how to work with it.	

6.3 Limits of Use

Environment Suitable for use in an atmosphere appropriate for permanent human habitation: not suitable for use in aggressive or explosive environments.

 Local safety authorities and safety experts must be contacted before working in hazardous areas, or in close proximity to electrical installations or similar situations by the person in charge of the product.

Safety Directions	TPS1200	128
6.4 Respo	nsibilities	
Manufacturer of the product	Leica Geosystems AG, CH-9435 Heerbrugg, hereinafter referred to as Leica Geosystems, is responsible for supplying the product, including the user manual a original accessories, in a completely safe condition.	and
Manufacturers of non Leica Geosystems accessories	The manufacturers of non Leica Geosystems accessories for the product are responsible for developing, implementing and communicating safety concepts for their products, and are also responsible for the effectiveness of those safety concepts in combination with the Leica Geosystems product.	or
Person in charge of the product	 The person in charge of the product has the following duties: To understand the safety instructions on the product and the instructions in tuser manual. To be familiar with local regulations relating to safety and accident prevention. To inform Leica Geosystems immediately if the product and the application becomes unsafe. 	on.
Warning	The person responsible for the product must ensure that it is used in accordance with the instructions. This person is also accountable for the training and the dep ment of personnel who use the product and for the safety of the equipment in us	loy-

6.5 International Warranty, Software Licence Agreement

 International
 The International Warranty can be downloaded from the Leica Geosystems home page at http://www.leica-geosystems.com/internationalwarranty or received from your Leica Geosystems dealer.

Software Licence Agreement This product contains software that is preinstalled on the product, or that is supplied to you on a data carrier medium, or that can be downloaded by you online pursuant to prior authorization from Leica Geosystems. Such software is protected by copyright and other laws and its use is defined and regulated by the Leica Geosystems Software Licence Agreement, which covers aspects such as, but not limited to, Scope of the Licence, Warranty, Intellectual Property Rights, Limitation of Liability, Exclusion of other Assurances, Governing Law and Place of Jurisdiction. Please make sure, that at any time you fully comply with the terms and conditions of the Leica Geosystems Software Licence Agreement.

Such agreement is provided together with all products and can also be found at the Leica Geosystems home page at http://www.leica-geosystems.com/swlicense or your Leica Geosystems dealer.

You must not install or use the software unless you have read and accepted the terms and conditions of the Leica Geosystems Software Licence Agreement. Instal-

Safety Directions	TPS1200	130
	lation or use of the software or any part thereof, is deemed to be a all the terms and conditions of such licence agreement. If you do	•

some of the terms of such licence agreement, you may not download, install or use the software and you must return the unused software together with its accompanying documentation and the purchase receipt to the dealer from whom you purchased the product within ten (10) days of purchase to obtain a full refund of the purchase price.

6.6 Hazards of Use

Marning

The absence of instruction, or the inadequate imparting of instruction, can lead to incorrect or adverse use, and can give rise to accidents with far-reaching human, material, financial and environmental consequences.

Precautions:

All users must follow the safety directions given by the manufacturer and the directions of the person responsible for the product.

A Caution

Watch out for erroneous measurement results if the product has been dropped or has been misused, modified, stored for long periods or transported.

Precautions:

Periodically carry out test measurements and perform the field adjustments indicated in the user manual, particularly after the product has been subjected to abnormal use and before and after important measurements.

Safety Directions	TPS1200	132
A Danger	Because of the risk of electrocution, it is very dangerous to use poles and extens in the vicinity of electrical installations such as power cables or electrical railwa Precautions: Keep at a safe distance from electrical installations. If it is essential to work in environment, first contact the safety authorities responsible for the electrical in lations and follow their instructions.	ays. this
Marning Warning	By surveying during a thunderstorm you are at risk from lightning. Precautions: Do not carry out field surveys during thunderstorms.	
Caution	Be careful when pointing the product towards the sun, because the telescope tions as a magnifying glass and can injure your eyes and/or cause damage ins the product. Precautions: Do not point the product directly at the sun.	

Marning Warning	During dynamic applications, for example stakeout procedures there is a danger of accidents occurring if the user does not pay attention to the environmental conditions around, for example obstacles, excavations or traffic. Precautions: The person responsible for the product must make all users fully aware of the existing dangers.
Marning Warning	Inadequate securing of the surveying site can lead to dangerous situations, for example in traffic, on building sites, and at industrial installations. Precautions: Always ensure that the survey site is adequately secured. Adhere to the regulations governing safety and accident prevention and road traffic.
Warning	Only Leica Geosystems authorized service workshops are entitled to repair these products.
Marning Warning	If computers intended for use indoors are used in the field there is a danger of elec- tric shock. Precautions: Adhere to the instructions given by the computer manufacturer with regard to field use in conjunction with Leica Geosystems products.

TPS1200 1
If the accessories used with the product are not properly secured and the product subjected to mechanical shock, for example blows or falling, the product may be damaged or people may sustain injury.
Precautions:
When setting-up the product, make sure that the accessories, for example tripod, tribrach, connecting cables, are correctly adapted, fitted, secured, and locked in position.
Avoid subjecting the product to mechanical stress.
During the transport, shipping or disposal of batteries it is possible for inappropriat mechanical influences to constitute a fire hazard.
Precautions:
Before shipping the product or disposing of it, discharge the batteries by running th product until they are flat.
When transporting or shipping batteries, the person in charge of the product must ensure that the applicable national and international rules and regulations are observed. Before transportation or shipping contact your local passenger or freigh transport company.

Marning Warning	Using a battery charger not recommended by Leica Geosystems can destroy the batteries. This can cause fire or explosions. Precautions: Only use chargers recommended by Leica Geosystems to charge the batteries.	
Warning	High mechanical stress, high ambient temperatures or immersion into fluids can cause leakage, fire or explosions of the batteries. Precautions:	
	Protect the batteries from mechanical influences and high ambient temperatures. Do not drop or immerse batteries into fluids.	
Marning Warning	Short circuited battery terminals can overheat and cause injury or fire, for example by storing or transporting in pockets if battery terminals come in contact with jewellery, keys, metallized paper or other metals.	
	Make sure that the battery terminals do not come into contact with metallic objects.	
Marning Warning	 If the product is improperly disposed of, the following can happen: If polymer parts are burnt, poisonous gases are produced which may impair health. If batteries are damaged or are heated strongly, they can explode and cause 	
	poisoning, burning, corrosion or environmental contamination.	

Safety Directions	TPS1200	136
	By disposing of the product irresponsibly you may enable unauthorized pr	ersons

- By disposing of the product irresponsibly you may enable unauthorized persons to use it in contravention of the regulations, exposing themselves and third parties to the risk of severe injury and rendering the environment liable to contamination.
- Improper disposal of silicone oil may cause environmental contamination.

Precautions:



The product must not be disposed with household waste. Dispose of the product appropriately in accordance with the national regulations in force in your country.

Always prevent access to the product by unauthorized personnel.

Product specific treatment and waste management information can be downloaded from the Leica Geosystems home page at http://www.leica-geosystems.com/treatment or received from your Leica Geosystems dealer.

Caution The product uses the GPS P-Code signal which by U.S. policy may be switched off without notice.

6.7 Laser Classification

6.7.1 Integrated Distancer, Measurements with Reflectors (IR mode)

General

The EDM module built into this product produces an invisible laser beam which emerges from the telescope objective.

The product is a Class 1 Laser Product in accordance with:

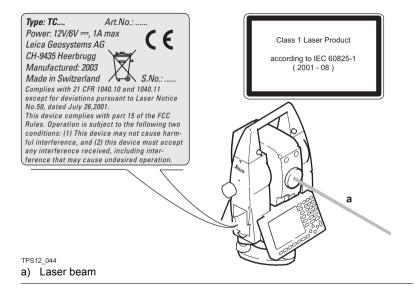
- IEC 60825-1 (2001-08): "Safety of Laser Products"
- EN 60825-1:1994 + A11:1996 + A2:2001: "Safety of Laser Products"

Class 1 Laser Products are safe under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation and are not harmful to the eyes provided that the products are used and maintained in accordance with the instructions.

Maximum average radiant power	0.33 mW ± 5%
Maximum peak radiant power	4.12 mW ± 5%
Pulse duration	800 ps
Pulse repetition frequency	100 MHz
Beam divergence	1.5 mrad x 3 mrad
	TCA1201M: 0.6 mrad x 1.3 mrad

\bigcirc	The EDM module built into this proc which emerges from the telescope	•
\bigcirc	The product is a Class 1 Laser Prod • IEC 60825-1 (2001-08): "Safety • EN 60825-1:1994 + A11:1996 +	
		der reasonably foreseeable conditions he eyes provided that the products are with the instructions.
	Maximum average radiant power	0.33 mW ± 5%
	Maximum peak radiant power	4.12 mW ± 5%
	Pulse duration	800 ps
	Pulse repetition frequency	100 MHz - 150 MHz
	Beam divergence	1.5 mrad x 3 mrad

Labelling



6.7.2 Integrated Distancer, Measurements without Reflectors (RL mode)

General



As an alternative to the invisible laser, the EDM incorporated into the product produces a visible red laser beam which emerges from the telescope objective.

The products are Class 3R Laser Products in accordance with:

- IEC 60825-1 (2001-08): "Safety of Laser Products"
- EN 60825-1:1994 + A11:1996 + A2:2001: "Safety of Laser Products"

Class 3R Laser Products:

For safety aspects direct intrabeam viewing should always be considered as hazardous. Avoid direct eye exposure. The accessible emission limit is within five times the accessible emission limits of Class 2 in the wavelength range from 400 nm to 700 nm.

Description	R100	R300
Maximum average radiant power	4.75 mW ± 5%	4.75 mW ± 5%
Maximum peak radiant power	59 mW ± 5%	59 mW ± 5%
Pulse duration	800 ps	800 ps

Pulse repetition frequency	100 MHz	100 MHz - 150 MHz
Beam divergence	0.15 mrad x 0.35 mrad	0.15 mrad x 0.5 mrad

\odot	emerges from the telescope objecti The products are Class 3R Laser P • IEC 60825-1 (2001-08): "Safety • EN 60825-1:1994 + A11:1996 - Class 3R Laser Products: For safety aspects direct intrabeam as hazardous. Avoid direct eye expo	roducts in accordance with:
	Description	Value
	Maximum average radiant power	4.75 mW ± 5%
	Maximum peak radiant power	59 mW ± 5%
	Pulse duration	800 ps

Safety Directions	TPS1200	142
	Pulse repetition frequency	100 MHz - 150 MHz
	Beam divergence	0.2 mrad x 0.3 mrad
Warning	For safety aspects direct intrabeam hazardous.	viewing should always be considered as
	Precautions:	
Do not stare into the beam or direct it towards other per measures are also valid for the reflected beam.		
M Warning	o ,	ser beam could be dangerous to the eyes when at reflect like a mirror or emit reflections unex- rs, metallic surfaces or windows.
	Precautions:	
	Do not aim at areas that are essentially reflective, such as a mirror, or whic emit unwanted reflections.	
	Do not look through or beside the optical sight at prisms or reflecting objects when the laser is switched on, in laserpointer or distance measurement mode. Aiming at prisms is only permitted when looking through the telescope.	



The use of Laser Class 3R equipment can be dangerous.

Precautions:

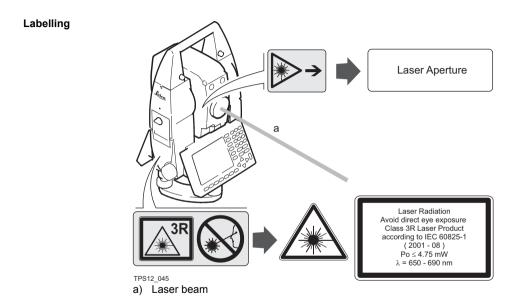
To counteract hazards, it is essential for every user to respect the safety precautions and control measures specified in the standard IEC 60825-1 (2001-08) resp. EN 60825-1:1994 + A11:1996 + A2:2001, within the hazard distance *); pay particular attention to Section Three "User's Guide".

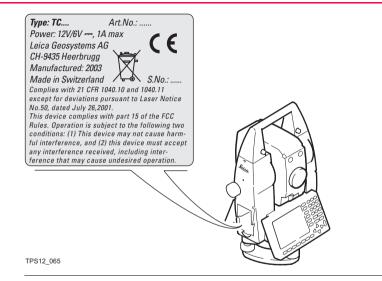
Following an interpretation of the main points in the relevant section of the standard quoted.

Class 3R Laser Products used on construction sites and outdoors, for example surveying, alignment, levelling:

- a) Only qualified and trained persons should be assigned to install, adjust and operate the laser equipment.
- b) Areas in which these lasers are used should be posted with an appropriate laser warning sign.
- c) Precautions should be taken to ensure that persons do not look directly, with or without an optical instrument, into the beam.
- d) The laser beam should be terminated at the end of its useful beam path and should in all cases be terminated if the hazardous beam path extends beyond the limit (hazard distance *)) of the area in which the presence and activities of personnel are monitored for reasons of protection from laser radiation.

Safety Directions	TPS1200 144
	 The laser beam path should be located well above or below eye level wherever practicable.
	 f) When not in use the Laser Product should be stored in a location where unau- thorized personnel cannot gain access.
	g) Precautions should be taken to ensure that the laser beam is not unintentionally directed at mirror-like, specular surfaces for example mirrors, metal surfaces or windows. But, more importantly, at flat or concave mirror-like surfaces.
	*) The hazard distance is the distance from the laser at which beam irradiance or radiant exposure equals the maximum permissible value to which personnel may be exposed without being exposed to a health risk.
	For products with an integrated distancer of laser class 3R this hazard distance is 96 m / 315 ft. At this distance, the laser beam rates as Class 1M, that means direct intrabeam viewing is not hazardous.





6.7.3 Automatic Target Recognition ATR

General The integrated automatic target recognition produces an invisible laser beam which emerges from the telescope objective.

The product is a Class 1 Laser Product in accordance with:

- IEC 60825-1 (2001-08): "Safety of Laser Products".
- EN 60825-1:1994 + A11:1996 + A2:2001: "Safety of Laser Products".

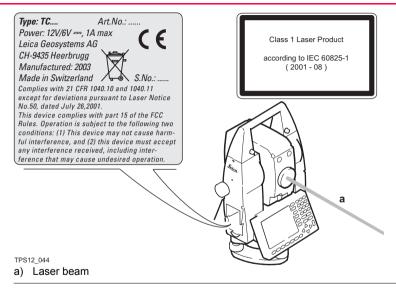
Class 1 Laser Products are safe under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation and are not harmful to the eyes provided that the products are used and maintained in accordance with the instructions.

Description	Value
Maximum average radiant power	8 mW ± 5%
Maximum peak radiant power	8 mW ± 5%
Pulse duration	21.8 ms
Pulse repetition frequency	46 Hz
Beam divergence	1.4°

Safety Directions

TPS1200

Labelling



6.7.4 PowerSearch PS

General The integrated PowerSearch generates an invisible laser from the lower front side of the telescope.

The product is a Class 1 Laser Product in accordance with:

- IEC 60825-1 (2001-08): "Safety of Laser Products".
- EN 60825-1:1994 + A11:1996 + A2:2001: "Safety of Laser Products".

Class 1 Laser Products are safe under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation and are not harmful to the eyes provided that the products are used and maintained in accordance with the instructions.

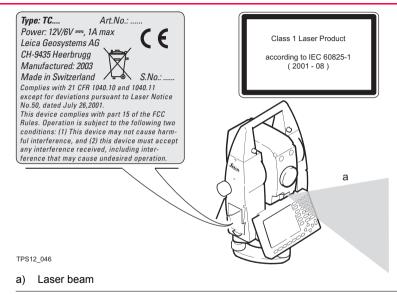
Description	Value
Maximum average radiant power	11 mW ± 5%
Maximum peak radiant power	5.3 W, 0.66 W ± 5%
Pulse duration	40 ns, 80 ns
Pulse repetition frequency	24.4 kHz
Beam divergence	0.4 mrad x 700 mrad

Safety Directions

TPS1200

150

Labelling



6.7.5 Electronic Guide Light EGL

General The integrated electronic guide light produces a visible LED beam from the front side of the telescope. Depending on the type of telescope the EGL may be designed differently.

The product is a Class 1 LED product in accordance with:

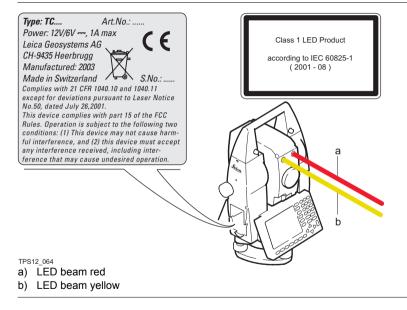
- IEC 60825-1 (2001-08): "Safety of Laser Products".
- EN 60825-1:1994 + A11:1996 + A2:2001: "Safety of Laser Products".

Class 1 LED products are safe under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation and are not harmful to the eyes provided that the products are used and maintained in accordance with the instructions.

Flashing LED	Yellow	Red
Maximum average radiant power	0.28 mW ± 5%	0.47 mW ± 5%
Maximum peak radiant power	0.75 mW ± 5%	2.5 mW ± 5%
Pulse duration	2 x 105 ms	1 x 105 ms
Pulse repetition frequency	1.786 Hz	1.786 Hz
Beam divergence	2.4 °	2.4 °

Safety Directions

Labelling



6.7.6 Laser Plummet

General The laser plummet built into the product produces a visible red laser beam which emerges from the bottom of the product.

The product is a Class 2 Laser Product in accordance with:

- IEC 60825-1 (2001-08): "Safety of Laser Products".
- EN 60825-1:1994 + A11:1996 + A2:2001: "Safety of Laser Products".

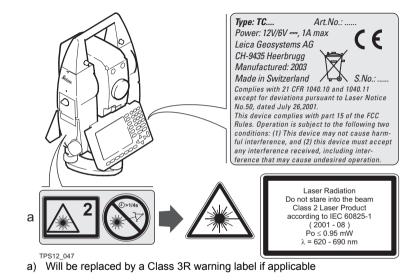
Class 2 Laser Products:

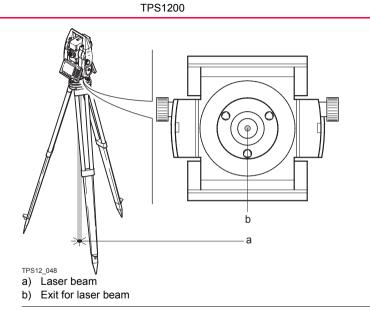
Do not stare into the beam or direct it unnecessarily at other persons. Eye protection is normally afforded by aversion responses including the blink reflex.

Description	Value
Maximum average radiant power	0.95 mW ± 5%
Pulse duration	C.W.
Beam divergence	0.16 mrad x 0.6 mrad

Safety Directions	TPS1200	154
M Warning	It can be dangerous to look into the beam with optical equipment, for example ulars or telescopes. Precautions: Do not look directly into the beam with optical equipment.	e binoc-

Labelling





6.8 Electromagnetic Compatibility EMC

Description The term Electromagnetic Compatibility is taken to mean the capability of the product to function smoothly in an environment where electromagnetic radiation and electrostatic discharges are present, and without causing electromagnetic disturbances to other equipment.

Warning Electromagnetic radiation can cause disturbances in other equipment.

Although the product meets the strict regulations and standards which are in force in this respect, Leica Geosystems cannot completely exclude the possibility that other equipment may be disturbed.

Caution There is a risk that disturbances may be caused in other equipment if the product is used in conjunction with accessories from other manufacturers, for example field computers, personal computers, two-way radios, non-standard cables or external batteries.

Precautions:

Use only the equipment and accessories recommended by Leica Geosystems. When combined with the product, they meet the strict requirements stipulated by the guidelines and standards. When using computers and two-way radios, pay attention to the information about electromagnetic compatibility provided by the manufacturer.

Safety Directions	TPS1200 158
▲ Caution	Disturbances caused by electromagnetic radiation can result in erroneous measure- ments.
	Although the product meets the strict regulations and standards which are in force in this respect, Leica Geosystems cannot completely exclude the possibility that the product may be disturbed by very intense electromagnetic radiation, for example, near radio transmitters, two-way radios or diesel generators.
	Precautions:
	Check the plausibility of results obtained under these conditions.
Warning	If the product is operated with connecting cables attached at only one of their two ends, for example external supply cables, interface cables, the permitted level of electromagnetic radiation may be exceeded and the correct functioning of other products may be impaired.
	Precautions:
	While the product is in use, connecting cables, for example product to external battery, product to computer, must be connected at both ends.

Radios, digital cellular phones or SmartAntenna with Bluetooth A Warning Use of product with radio, digital cellular phone devices or SmartAntenna with Bluetooth:

Electromagnetic radiation can cause disturbances in other equipment, in installations, in medical devices, for example pacemakers or hearing aids and in aircraft. It can also affect humans and animals.

Precautions:

Although the product meets in combination with radio or digital cellular phone devices recommended by Leica Geosystems the strict regulations and standards which are in force in this respect, Leica Geosystems cannot completely exclude the possibility that other equipment may be disturbed or that humans or animals may be affected.

- Do not operate the product with radio or digital cellular phone devices in the vicinity of filling stations or chemical installations, or in other areas where an explosion hazard exists.
- Do not operate the product with radio or digital cellular phone devices near to medical equipment.
- Do not operate the product with radio or digital cellular phone devices in aircraft.
- Do not operate the product with radio or digital cellular phone devices for long periods immediately next to your body.

Applicability The greyed paragraph below is only applicable for products of the TPS1200 System without radio, digital cellular phone devices or Bluetooth.

Warning

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC rules.

These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation.

This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.

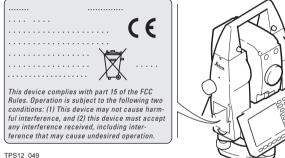
If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Warning

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by Leica Geosystems for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Labelling **TPS1200**

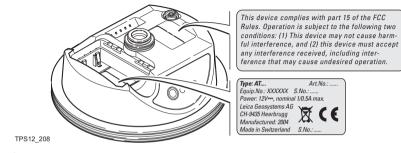


TPS12_049

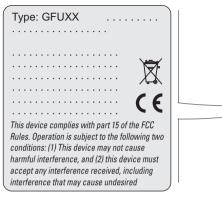
Safety Directions

TPS1200

Labelling SmartAntenna



Labelling clip-on-housings GFU24

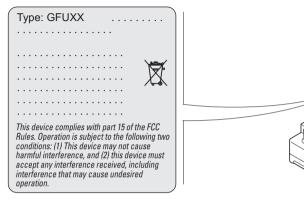


GPS12_103

Safety Directions

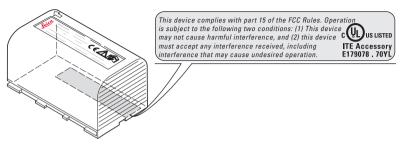
TPS1200

Labelling clip-on-housings GFU19, GFU25

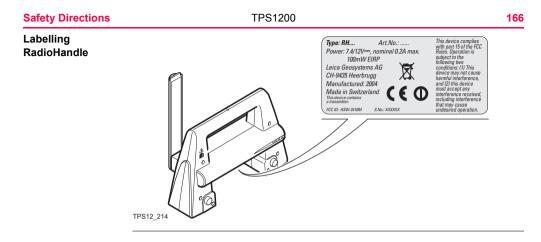


TPS12_218

Labelling internal battery GEB211, GEB221



TPS12_082



7 Technical Data

7.1 Angle Measurement

Accuracy

Туре	Standard deviation Hz, V, ISO 17123-3				Display least	east count	
	["]	[mgon]	["]	[mgon]			
1201	1	0.3	0.1	0.1			
1202	2	0.6	0.1	0.1			
1203	3	1.0	0.1	0.5			
1205	5	1.5	0.1	0.5			

Characteristics

Absolute, continuous, diametric.

7.2 Distance Measurement with Reflectors (IR mode)

Range

Reflector	Range A		Range B		Range C	
	[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]
Standard prism	1800 4500 ¹⁾	6000 14700 ¹⁾	3000 8000 ¹⁾	10000 26200 ¹⁾	3500 >8000 ¹⁾	12000 >26200 ¹⁾
3 standard prisms	2300	7500	4500	14700	5400	17700
360° prism	800	2600	1500	5000	2000	7000
360° Mini prism	450	1500	800	2600	1000	3300
Mini prism	800	2600	1200	4000	2000	7000
Reflector tape 60 mm x 60 mm	150	500	250	800	250	800

Shortest measuring distance

1.5 m 5.0 m ¹⁾

 This data is specific to the TCA1201M instrument, an automated total station for long range distance monitoring.

Technical Data	TPS1200 170			
Atmospheric conditions	B: Light haze	B: Light haze, visibility about 20 km; or moderate sunlight, slight heat shimmer		
	Measurements c ancillary optics.	an be made to reflector	tapes over the entire	e range without external
Accuracy	Accuracy refers	to measurements to sta	indard prisms.	
	EDM measuring program	Standard deviation, ISO 17123-4, tape	Measurement time, typical [s]	
	Standard	2 mm + 2 ppm	5 mm + 2 ppm	1.5
	Fast	5 mm + 2 ppm	5 mm + 2 ppm	0.8
	Tracking	5 mm + 2 ppm	5 mm + 2 ppm	< 0.15
	Averaging	2 mm + 2 ppm	5 mm + 2 ppm	-
		iations of the specified	• •	ts within the beam path

Characteristics

Principle: Type: Carrier wave: Measuring system: Phase measurement Coaxial, infrared laser Class 1 780 nm Special frequency system basis 100 MHz ≘ 1.5 m

Principle: Type: Carrier wave: Measuring system: Phase measurement Coaxial, visible red laser Class 1 660 nm System analyser basis 100 MHz - 150 MHz

7.3 Distance Measurement without Reflectors (RL mode)

Range

		Range	Range D		Range E		Range F	
	Card	[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]	
R100	White side, 90 % reflective	140	460	170	560	>170	>560	
R100	Grey side, 18 % reflective	70	230	100	330	>100	>330	
R300	White side, 90 % reflective	300	990	500	1640	>500	>1640	
R300	Grey side, 18 % reflective	200	660	300	990	>300	>990	

Range of measurement: Display unambiguous:

1.5 m to 760 m Up to 760 m

Atmospheric conditions

- D: Object in strong sunlight, severe heat shimmer
- E: Object in shade, sky overcast
- F: Underground, night and twilight

Accuracy

Standard measuring	Standard deviation, ISO 17123-4	Measure time, typical [s]	Measure time, maximum [s]
Reflectorless 1.5 m - 500 m	3 mm + 2 ppm	3 - 6	12
Reflectorless >500 m	5 mm + 2 ppm	3 - 6	12

Object in shade, sky overcast.

Beam interruptions, severe heat shimmer and moving objects within the beam path can result in deviations of the specified accuracy.

The display resolution is 0.1 mm.

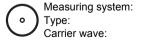
Characteristics

 Measuring system R100: Special frequency system basis 100 MHz ≅ 1.5 m

 Measuring system R300: System analyser basis 100 MHz - 150 MHz

 Type:
 Coaxial, visible red laser Class 3R

 Carrier wave:
 670 nm



System analyser basis 100 MHz - 150 MHz Coaxial, visible red laser Class 3R 660 nm

Technical Data

Distance [m]	Laser dot size, approximately [mm]
at 20	7 x 14
at 100	12 x 40
at 200	25 x 80
at 300	36 x 120
at 400	48 x 160
at 500	60 x 200

7.4 Distance Measurement - Long Range (LO mode)

Range

The range of the long range measurements is the same for R100 and R300.

Reflector	Range A		Range B		Range C	
	[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]
Standard prism	2200	7300	7500	24600	>10000	>32800

Range of measurement to prism: Display unambiguous:

From 1000 m up Up to 12000 m

Atmospheric conditions

- A: Strong haze, visibility 5 km; or strong sunlight, severe heat shimmer
- B: Light haze, visibility about 20 km; or moderate sunlight, slight heat shimmer
- C: Overcast, no haze, visibility about 40 km; no heat shimmer

Technical Data	TPS1200				
Accuracy	Standard measuring	Standard deviation, ISO 17123-4	Measure time, typical [s]	Measure time, maximum [s]	

5 mm + 2 ppm

Beam interruptions, severe heat shimmer and moving objects within the beam path can result in deviations of the specified accuracy.

2.5

176

12

The display resolution is 0.1 mm.

Long Range

Characteristics

Principle:	Phase measurement
Type:	Coaxial, visible red laser Class 3R
Carrier wave:	670 nm
Principle:	Phase measurement
Type:	Coaxial, visible red laser Class 3R
Carrier wave:	660 nm

7.5 Automatic Target Recognition ATR

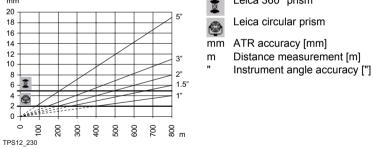
Range ATR/LOCK

Reflector	Range ATR m	ode	Range Lock mode ²⁾		
	[m]	[ft]	[m]	[ft]	
Standard prism	1000	3300	800	2600	
360° prism	600	2000	500	1600	
360° Mini prism	350	1150	300	1000	
Mini prism	500	1600	400	1300	
Reflector tape 60 mm x 60 mm	55	175	not qualified		

²⁾ Activating and working in lock mode is not recommended for the TCA1201M instrument, an automated total station for long range distance monitoring.

Shortest	360° prism ATR:	1.5 m
measuring distance	360° prism LOCK:	5 m

Technical Data	TPS1200 178 The accuracy with which the position of a prism can be determined with Automatic Target Recognition (ATR) depends on several factors such as internal ATR accuracy, instrument angle accuracy, prism type, selected EDM measuring program and the external measuring conditions. The ATR has a basic standard deviation level of ± 2 mm. Above a certain distance, the instrument angle accuracy predominates and takes over the standard deviation of the ATR.		
Accuracy			
	 The following graph shows the ATR standard deviation based on two different prism types, distances and instrument accuracies. 		
	Leica 360° prism		



Maximum speed LOCK mode	Maximum tangential speed: Maximum radial speed with <edm mode:="" tracking="">:</edm>	5 m/s at 20 m; 25 m/s at 100 m 4 m/s
Searching	Typical search time in field of view: Field of view: Definable search windows:	3 s 1°30'/1.66 gon Yes
Characteristics	Principle: Type:	Digital image processing Infrared laser class 1

Technical Data

7.6 PowerSearch PS

Range

Reflector	Range PS	
	[m]	[ft]
Standard prism	200	650
360° prism	200*	650*
Mini prism	100	330

Measurements at the vertical limits of the fan or under unfavourable atmospheric conditions may reduce the maximum range. (*aligned to the instrument optimal)

Shortest measure distance	360° prism:	5 m
Searching	Typical search time: Default search area: Definable search windows	<10 s Hz: 400 gon, V: 40 gon : Yes
Characteristics	Principle: Type:	Digital signal processing Infrared laser class 1

7.7 SmartStation

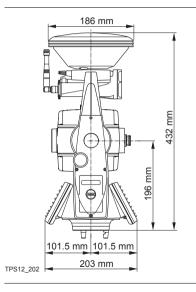
7.7.1 SmartStation Accuracy

(B)	Measurement precision and accuracy in position and accuracy in height are dependent upon various factors including the number of satellites tracked, conste lation geometry, observation time, ephemeris accuracy, ionospheric disturbance, multipath and resolved ambiguities. Figures quoted assume normal to favourable conditions.		
Accuracy	Position accuracy:	Horizontal: 10 mm + 1 ppm Vertical: 20 mm + 1 ppm When used within reference station networks the posi- tion accuracy is in accordance with the accuracy speci- fications provided by the reference station network.	
Initialisation	Method: Reliability of initialisation: Time of initialisation: Range:	Real time (RTK) Better than 99.99 % Typically 8 s, with 5 or more satellites on L1 and L2 Up to 50 km, assuming reliable data-link is available	

Technical Data	TPS1200	182
RTK data formats	Formats for data reception: Leica proprietary format, CMR, CMR+, RTCM V2.1 / 2.2 / 2.3 / 3.0	

7.7.2 SmartStation Dimensions

SmartStation Dimensions



Technical Data

Technical Data	TPS1200		184	
7.7.3 Smart	Antenna Techni	cal Data		
Description and use	The SmartAntenna is selected for use based upon the application. The table give a description and the intended use of the SmartAntenna.			
	Туре	Description	Use	
	ATX1230 GG	L1/L2 SmartTrack+ antenna with built in groundplane.	With RX1250 or TPS1200.	
Dimensions	Height: Diameter:	0.089 m 0.186 m		
Connector	 8 pin LEMO-1 socket to connect antenna cable (only applicable when SmartAntenna is used independently on a pole with RX1250). Special clip-on interface for connecting SmartAntenna to SmartAntenna Adapter on a TPS1200 instrument. 			
Mounting	5/8" Whitworth			
Weight	1.1 kg including in	ternal battery GEB211		

Power	Power consumption: External supply voltage:	1.8 W typically, 270 mA Nominal 12 V DC (===), voltage range 5-28 V DC
Battery internal	Type: Voltage: Capacity: Typical operating time:	Li-Ion 7.4 V GEB211: 1.9 Ah 5 h

Electrical data

Туре	ATX1230 GG
Voltage	-
Current	-
Frequency	GPS L1 1575.42 MHz
	GPS L2 1227.60 MHz
	GLONASS L1 1602.5625-1611.5 MHz
	GLONASS L2 1246.4375-1254.3 MHz
Gain	Typically 27 dBi
Noise Figure	Typically < 2 dBi
BW, -3 dBiW	-

Technical Data		TPS1200		186
	Туре	ATX1230	GG	
	BW, -30 dBi	-		
Environmental specifications	Temperature			
	Operating temperature [°C]		Storage temperature [°C]	
	-40 to +65		-40 to +80	

Protection against water, dust and sand

Bluetooth: -30 to +65

Protection	
IP67 (IEC 60529)	
Dusttight	
Protected against water jets	
Waterproof to 1 m temporary immersion	

Humidity

Protection

Up to 100 %

The effects of condensation are to be effectively counteracted by periodically drying out the antenna.

Technical Data	TPS1200		188
7.8 Confe	ormity to Natio	nal Regulations	
7.8.1 Com	nunication side o	cover with Bluetooth	
Conformity to national regulations	 FCC Part 15 (applicable in US) Hereby, Leica Geosystems AG, declares that the Communication side cover with Bluetooth is in compliance with the essential requirements and other rel vant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC. The declaration of conformity may be consulted at http://www.leica-geosystems.com/ce. Class 1 equipment according European Directive 1999/5/EC (R&TTE) can be placed on the market and be put into service with restrictions in any EU Member state. The conformity for countries with other national regulations not covered by th FCC part 15 or European directive 1999/5/EC has to be approved prior to us and operation. 		nts and other rele- onformity may be 1999/5/EC nto service without not covered by the
Frequency band	2402 - 2480 MHz		
Output power	Bluetooth:	5 mW	
Antenna	Type Gain	Internal Microstrip antenna 1.5 dBi	

7.8.2 GFU24, Siemens MC75

Conformity to national regulations

- FCC Part 15, 22 and 24 (applicable in US)
- Hereby, Leica Geosystems AG, declares that the GFU24 is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC. The declaration of conformity may be consulted at http://www.leica-geosystems.com/ce.
 - Class 1 equipment according European Directive 1999/5/EC (R&TTE) can be placed on the market and be put into service without restrictions in any EU Member state.
- The conformity for countries with other national regulations not covered by the FCC part 15, 22 and 24 or European directive 1999/5/EC has to be approved prior to use and operation.

Frequency band	Quad-Band EGSM850 / EGSM900 / GSM1800 / GSM1900 MHz		
Output power	EGSM850: EGSM900: GSM1800: GSM1900:	2 W 2 W 1 W 1 W	

Technical Data		TPS1200	190
Antennas	Туре	GAT 3	GAT 5
	Frequency band	900 or 1800 MHz	850 or 1900 MHz
	Туре	Detachable λ/2 antenna	Detachable λ/2 antenna
	Gain	0 dBi	0 dBi
	Connector	TNC	TNC

Specific Absorption Rate (SAR) The product meets the limits for the maximum permissible exposure of the guidelines and standards which are force in this respect. The product must be used with the recommended antenna. A separation distance of at least 20 centimeters should be kept between the antenna and the body of the user or nearby person within the intended application.

7.8.3 GFU19 (US), GFU25 (CAN) CDMA MultiTech MTMMC-C

Conformity to	 FCC Part 15, 22 and 24 (applicable in US). 				
National Regulations	 European Directive 1999/5/EC on radio equipment and telecommunication terminal equipment (see CE Conformity Declaration). 				
	egulations not covered by the 99/5/EC has to be approved				
Frequency band	Dual-Band CDMA850	CDMA1900 MHz			
Output power	CDMA850:	2 W			
	CDMA1900:	0.4 W			
A					
Antenna	Туре	GAT 1204			
	Frequency band	850 / 1900 MHz			
	Туре	Detachable $\lambda/4$ antenna			
	Gain	0 dBi			
	Connector	TNC			

Technical Data	TPS1200 1	92
Specific Absorption Rate (SAR)	The product meets the limits for the maximum permissible exposure of the guide- lines and standards which are force in this respect. The product must be used wit the recommended antenna. A separation distance of at least 20 centimeters shoul be kept between the antenna and the body of the user or nearby person within th intended application.	th Id

7.8.4 RadioHandle

Conformity to national regulations

- FCC Part 15 (applicable in US)
- Hereby, Leica Geosystems AG, declares that the RadioHandle is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC. The declaration of conformity may be consulted at http://www.leicageosystems.com/ce.



Class 2 equipment according European Directive 1999/5/EC (R&TTE) for which following EEA Member States apply restrictions on the placing on the market or on the putting into service or require authorization for use:

- France
- Italy
- Norway (if used in the geographical area within a radius of 20km from the centre of Ny-Ålesund)
- The conformity for countries with other national regulations not covered by the FCC part 15 or European directive 1999/5/EC has to be approved prior to use and operation.

Frequency band Output power	Limited to 2409 - 2435 MHz	
	< 100 mW (e. i. r. p.)	
Technical Data	TPS1200	193

Technical Data	TPS1200		194
Antenna	Type: Gain: Connector:	Patch antenna (omnidirectional) 2 dBi SMB	

7.8.5 SmartAntenna with Bluetooth

Conformity to national regulations

- FCC Part 15 (applicable in US)
- Hereby, Leica Geosystems AG, declares that the SmartAntenna with Bluetooth is in compliance with the essential requirements and other relevant provisions of Directive 1999/5/EC. The declaration of conformity may be consulted at http://www.leica-geosystems.com/ce.
- Class 1 equipment according European Directive 1999/5/EC (R&TTE) can be placed on the market and be put into service without restrictions in any EU Member state.
- The conformity for countries with other national regulations not covered by the FCC part 15 or European directive 1999/5/EC has to be approved prior to use and operation.

Туре	Frequency band [MHz]
ATX1230 GG	1227.60
	1575.42
ATX1230 GG	1246.4375 - 1254.3
	1602.4375 - 1611.5
Bluetooth	2402 - 2480

Frequency ba

Technical Data		TPS1200		196
Output power	Туре		Output power [mW]	
	GNSS		Receive only	
	Bluetooth		5	
Antenna	GNSS Bluetooth	Internal GNSS antenna element (receive only) Type: Internal Microstrip antenna Gain: 1.5 dBi		

7.9 General Technical Data of the Instrument

Telescope

Magnification:	30 x
Clear objective diameter:	40 mm
Focusing:	1.7 m/5.6 ft to infinity
Field of view:	1°30'/1.66 gon
	2.7 m at 100 m

Compensator

Туре	Setting accuracy		Setting range	
	["]	[mgon]	["]	[gon]
1201	0.5	0.2	4	0.07
1202	0.5	0.2	4	0.07
1203	1	0.3	4	0.07
1205	1.5	0.5	4	0.07

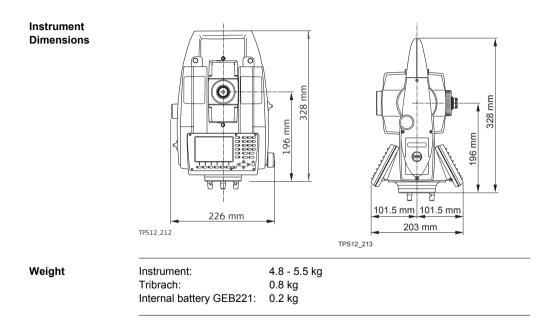
Level

Circular level sensitivity: 6'/2 mm Electronic level resolution: 2"

Technical Data		TPS1200 19
Control unit	Display:	1/4 VGA (320 x 240 pixels), monochrome, graphics capable LCD, illumination, optional touch screen
	Keyboard:	34 keys
		including 12 function keys and 12 alphanumeric keys, illumination
	Angle Display:	360°'", 360° decimal, 400 gon, 6400 mil, V %
	Distance Display:	m, ft int, ft us, ft int inch, ft us inch
	Position:	In both faces, face two is optional
	Touch screen if fitted:	Toughened film on glass

Instrument Ports

Port	Name	Description
Port 1	Port 1	• 5 pin LEMO-0 for power, communication, data transfer.
		 This port is located at the base of the instrument.
Port 2	Handle	 Hotshoe connection for RadioHandle with RCS and SmartAntenna Adapter with SmartStation.
		This port is located on top of Communication side cover.
Port 3	BT	Bluetooth module for communication.
		This port is housed within Communication side cover.



Technical Data	TPS1200 2		
Recording	Data can be recorded onto	a CompactFlash care	d or into internal memory if fitted.
	Туре	Capacity [MB]	Number of measurements per MB
	CompactFlash card	• 64 • 256	1750
	Internal memory - optional	• 64	1750
Laser plummet	Type: Location: Accuracy: Diameter of laser point:	Visible red laser class 2 In standing axis of instrument Deviation from plumbline: 1.5 mm at 1.5 m instrument height 2.5 mm at 1.5 m instrument height	
Drives	Туре:	Endless horizontal a	nd vertical drives
Motorisation	Maximum rotating speed:	: 50 gon/s	
Power	External supply voltage:	Nominal voltage 12.8 V DC, Range 11.5 V-13.5 V	

Internal battery	Type: Voltage:	Li-lon 7.4 V
	Capacity: Typical operating time:	GEB221: 3.8 Ah 6 - 8 h
External battery	Туре:	NiMH
	Voltage:	12 V
	Capacity:	GEB171: 8.0 Ah
	Typical operating time:	20 - 24 h
Environmental specifications	Temperature	
specifications	-	

Туре	Operating temperature [°C]	Storage temperature [°C]
TPS1200	-20 to +50	-40 to +70
Leica CompactFlash cards, all sizes	-40 to +80	-40 to +80
Battery internal	-20 to +55	-40 to +70
Bluetooth	-30 to +60	-40 to +80

Protection against water, dust and sand

Туре	Protection
TPS1200	IP54 (IEC 60529)

Humidity

Туре	Protection
TPS1200	Max 95 % non condensing The effects of condensation are to be effectively counter- acted by periodically drying out the instrument.

Reflectors

Туре	Additive Constant [mm]	ATR	PS
Standard prism, GPR1	0.0	yes	yes
Mini prism, GMP101	+17.5	yes	yes
360° prism, GRZ4 / GRZ122	+23.1	yes	yes

	Туре	Additive Constant [mm]	ATR	PS
	360° Mini prism, GRZ121	+30.0	yes	not recommended
	Reflector tape S, M, L	+34.4	yes	no
	Reflectorless	+34.4	no	no
Electronic Guide Light EGL	Working range:	al prisms required for 5 - 150 m cy: 5 cm at 100 r		
Automatic corrections	The following auton Line of sight en Tilting axis erro Earth curvature Circle eccentric Compensator in	r ity	nade: • Vertical index e • Standing axis ti • Refraction • ATR zero point	lt

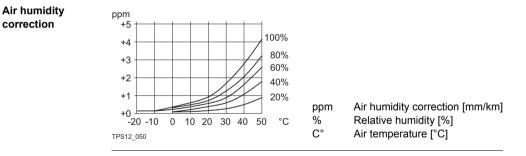
Technical Data		TPS1200	204
7.10	Scale	Correction	
Use		 By entering a scale correction, reductions proportional to distance can be ta account. Atmospheric correction Reduction to mean sea level Projection distortion 	iken into
Atmospheric correction ΔD ₁		The slope distance displayed is correct if the scale correction in ppm, mm/kr has been entered corresponds to the atmospheric conditions prevailing at of the measurement.	
		The atmospheric correction includes:Adjustments for air pressureAir temperatureRelative humidity	
		For highest precision distance measurements, the atmospheric correction sidetermined with an accuracy of 1 ppm. The following parameters must be mined: • Air temperature to 1°C	

- Air pressure to 3 mbar
- Relative humidity to 20 %

Air humidity

The air humidity influences the distance measurement if the climate is extremely hot and damp.

For high precision measurements, the relative humidity must be measured and entered along with the air pressure and the temperature.



Technical Data

Technical Data

Index n

	Туре	Index n	carrier wave [nm]
Ø	infrared EDM	1.0002830	780
	visible red laser	1.0002859	670
\odot	combined EDM	1.0002863	660

The index n is calculated from the formula of Barrel and Sears, and is valid for:

Air pressure p:	1013.25 mbar
Air temperature t:	12 °C
Relative air humidity h:	60 %

Formulas

	Formula for infrared EDM
\bigtriangledown	$\Delta D_{1} = 283.05 - \left[\frac{0.29196 \cdot p}{(1 + \alpha \cdot t)} - \frac{4.126 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot h}{(1 + \alpha \cdot t)} \cdot 10^{x} \right]$
	TPS12_051
	Formula for visible red laser

$$\Delta D_{1} = 285.93 - \left[\frac{0.29493 \cdot p}{(1 + \alpha \cdot t)} - \frac{4.126 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot h}{(1 + \alpha \cdot t)} \cdot 10^{x} \right]$$

TPS12_052
Formula for visible red laser

$$\Delta D_{1} = 286.269 - \left[\frac{0.29528 \cdot p}{(1 + \alpha \cdot t)} - \frac{4.126 \cdot 10^{-4} \cdot h}{(1 + \alpha \cdot t)} \cdot 10^{x} \right]$$

TPS12_229

- ΔD_1 Atmospheric correction [ppm]
- p Air pressure [mbar]
- t Air temperature [°C]

$$\alpha \frac{1}{273.15}$$

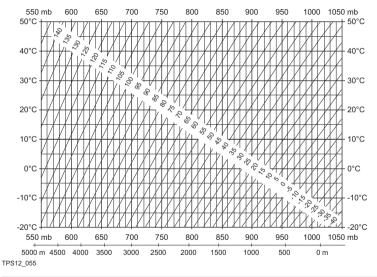
x (7.5 * t/(237.3 + t)) + 0.7857

If the basic value of 60 % relative humidity as used by the EDM is retained, the maximum possible error in the calculated atmospheric correction is 2 ppm, 2 mm/km.

Technical Data	TPS1200		208
Reduction to mean	The values for ΔD_2 are always negative a	and ar	e derived from the following formula:
sea level ΔD_2	$\Delta D_2 = -\frac{H}{R} \cdot 10^6$	∆D ₂ H	Reduction to mean sea level [ppm] Height of EDM above sea level [m]
	TPS12_053	R	6.378 * 10 ⁶ m
Projection distortion ΔD_3	The magnitude of the projection distortion system used in a particular country, for w The following formula is valid for cylindric Krüger:	hich o	fficial tables are generally available.
	$\Delta D_{3} = \frac{X^{2}}{2R^{2}} \cdot 10^{6}$ TPS12_054	ΔD ₃ X R	Projection distortion [ppm] Northing, distance from projection zero line with the scale factor 1 [km] 6.378 * 10 ⁶ m
	In countries where the scale factor is not applied.	unity,	this formula cannot be directly

Atmospheric corrections °C

Atmospheric corrections in ppm with temperature [°C], air pressure [mb] and height [m] at 60 % relative humidity.

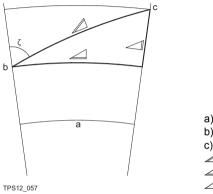


Technical Data

Technical Data	TPS1200	21
Atmospheric correction F	Atmospheric correction in ppm with temperature [F], air pressure [inch Hg] an height [ft] at 60 % relative humidity.	d
	16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 inch Hg 130°F 120°F 130°F 120°F 120°F 120°F 120°F 120°F 100°F 100°F 100°F 100°F 100°F 100°F 90°F 80°F 70°F 60°F 60°F 50°F 80°F 70°F 60°F 50°F 60°F 50°F 10°F 10°F	

7.11 Reduction Formulas





a) Mean Sea Level

- b) Instrument
- c) Reflector
- Slope distance
- ∠ Horizontal distance
- ∠ Height difference

Technical Data	TPS1200		212		
Formula	 The instrument calculates in accordance with the following formula: slope distance horizontal distance height difference Earth curvature and mean refraction coefficient k = 0.13 are taken into account automatically. The calculated horizontal distance relates to the station height, not to the reflector height. 				
	$a = D_0 \cdot (1 + ppm \cdot 10^{-6}) + mm$ TPS12_058	D ₀ U ppm Se	isplayed slope distance [m] ncorrected distance [m] cale correction [mm/km] dditive constant, prism [mm]		
		∠ H Y ∉ ζ V A (1 B (1 k 0.	orizontal distance [m] eight difference [m] $^{1} * sin\zeta $ $^{1} * cos\zeta$ ertical circle reading $ - k/2 /R = 1.47 * 10^{-7} [m^{-1}]$ $ - k /2R = 6.83 * 10^{-8} [m^{-1}]$ 13 378 * 10 ⁶ m		

Distance measuring program Averaging

In the distance measuring program Averaging, the following values are displayed:

Đ

- Slope distance as arithmetic mean of all measurements
- s Standard deviation of a single measurement
- n Number of measurements

These values are calculated as follows:

$$\overline{D} = \frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^{n} D$$

TPS12_061

D

$$s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} (D_i - \overline{D})^2}{n - 1}} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} D_i^2 - \frac{1}{n} (\sum_{i=1}^{n} D_i)^2}{n - 1}} \frac{s}{\overline{D}}$$
TPS12 062

- Slope distance as arithmetic mean of all measurements
- Σ Sum
- D_i Single slope distance measurement
- n Number of measurements
 - Standard deviation of a single slope distance measurement

Sum

- Slope distance as arithmetic mean of all measurements
- D_i Single slope distance measurement
- n Number of distance measurements

Technical Data	TPS120	0	214
	The standard deviation ${\rm S}_{\overline{\rm D}}$ of the a as follows:	arithmetic me	ean of the distance can be calculated
	$S_{\overline{D}} = \frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}$	$S_{\overline{D}}$	Standard deviation of the arithmetic mean of the distance

TPS12_063

- s Standard deviation of a single measurement
- n Number of measurements

Technical Data

TPS1200

Index

Α

Abbreviations	12
Acclimatise to the ambient temperature	92
Accuracy	
Angle measurement	168
Automatic Target Recognition ATR	178
IR mode	170
LO mode	176
RL mode	173
SmartStation	181
Adjustment	
Adjusting the direction of the beam	110
Combined (I, t, i, c and ATR)	94
Electronic	
Inspecting the direction of the beam	108
Inspecting the laser plummet	113
Mechanical	
Of circular level on instrument	104

Of circular level on tribrach	105
Of laser plummet	112
Of Reflectorless EDM	107
Preparation	92
Titling axis (a)	99
Adjustment Errors	
View current	89
Angle Measurement	168
Antenna	
Communication side cover	188
GFU19 clip-on-housing with device	191
RadioHandle	194
SmartAntenna	196
Antennas	
Туре	184

Autodetect behaviour	53
RadioHandle	54
Radios/Modems	53
SmartAntenna	53
SmartAntenna Adapter	53
Automatic Corrections	
Automatic Target Recognition ATR	
Accuracy	178
Description	147
Positioning of crosshairs	92

В

Battery

For instrument	75
For SmartAntenna	77
Icon	48
Internal, SmartAntenna	
Overview	73
Technical data GEB171	
Technical data GEB221	
Bluetooth, icon	47

C
CE
Check & Adjust 88
Cleaning and Drying 121
Clip-On-Housing
Attach and detach 62
Devices for 61
Insert SIM card 62
LED indicators 65
Remove SIM card 64
Communication side cover
Graphical overview with RadioHandle
Graphical overview with SmartStation 30
Technical data 188
CompactFlash Card 21, 79
Format card 80
Icon 48
Insert card79
Remove card 79
Safety instructions 79
Compensator 197

Index

Index TPS	1200 218
Connector	Distance Measurement
SmartAntenna184	IR mode169
Container Contents	LO mode 175
For instrument24, 25	RL mode172
For SmartStation and RCS26, 27	Documentation6
Control unit	Drive
Conversion, data conversion	OMNI
Corrections	Drives
Automatic	_
Scale	E
D	Edit
D	Value in input field 40
Data Conversion21	Electrical data, SmartAntenna 185
Data Storage21	Electromagnetic Compatibility EMC 157
Dimensions	Electronic Adjustment 88
Of instrument199	Electronic Distance Measurement EDM
Of SmartStation183	Description13
SmartAntenna184	PinPoint R100, PinPoint R30014
	Screen icons 44, 45

Electronic Guide Light EGL

Description	14, 151
Technical data	
ENTER	
Environmental Specifications	
Environmental specifications	
SmartAntenna	
ESC	

F

FCC Statement
Flashing LED on clip-on-housing67
Formulas, reduction211
Frequency Band
Communication side cover
GFU19 clip-on-housing with device191
RadioHandle193
SmartAntenna195
Frequency band
GFU24, Siemens MC75 189

G

GAT 3, antenna 19	90
GeoC++ Software Development Kit	20
GFU19	91
GFU24	89
GFU25	91
GNSS = Global Navigation Satellite System	13
Guidelines for Correct Results	85

н

L

Hazards of Use		131
----------------	--	-----

lcons

Overview	44
Specific for GPS	46
Specific for TPS	45

Index	TPS1200 2	
Instrument		к
Dimensions		Keyboard
Ports		Locking and unlocking
Technical data		Operating principles
Turn on and turn off		Keys
Weight		Keys, Alphanumeric
Instrument Components		Keys, Arrow
Instrument Models		Keys, Combinations
Instrument Setup		Keys, Function
As SmartStation	55	Keys, Hot
Conventional	50	
For remote control	69	L
Intended Use		Laser Classification 137
Internal Memory	21	Automatic Target Recognition ATR 147
Internal memory, icon		Electronic Guide Light EGL

Laser Plummet	
Adjustment	
Technical data	200
LED Indicators	
For clip-on-housing	65
For RadioHandle	71
For SmartAntenna	59
LEICA Geo Office LGO, description	13, 17
Level	
Lights	
Li-lon battery	
Lock, keyboard	

Μ

Maintenance	122
Manual	
Validity of user manual	4
	~~

valuely of door mandal	
Mechanical Adjustment	
Menu, selecting from a	39

Mount, SmartAntenna	184
MultiTech MTMMC-C	
GFU19/GFU25, technical data	191

0

OMNI drive	
ON	. 33
Operating Temperature	
SmartAntenna	186
Output Power	
Communication side cover	188
GFU19 clip-on-housing with device	191
RadioHandle	193
SmartAntenna	196
Output power	
GFU24, Siemens MC75	189

Index	TPS	1200	222
P		R	
Page		R100	14
		R300	14
Pages down		RadioHandle	
Pages up		Description	16
Ports		LED indicators	71
Power		Setup for remote control	69
SmartAntenna		Technical data	193
Power Supply	23	Raw data transfer to LGO	22
PowerSearch PS		Recording	200
Precise Measurements		Reduction Formulas	
PROG		Reflectorless EDM, adjustment	107
2		Reflectors	202
Q		Responsibilities	128
Quick coding, icon			
Quick settings	34		

S

Safety Directions	124
Scale Correction	
Screen	
Scroll bar, description	37
Service, of tripod	116
Setup	
As SmartStation	55
Conventional	50
For remote control	69
SHIFT	
Siemens MC75	
GFU24, technical data	
SmartAntenna	
Battery	77
Description	16
Dimensions	
Power supply	23
Status	59
Technical data	195

SmartStation

Communication side cover1	6
Components 1	5
Container contents 26, 2	7
Description 1	5
Graphical overview3	60
Setup5	5
SmartAntenna 1	6
Technical Data	
Accuracy 18	51
Communication side cover	8
Dimensions18	3
SmartAntenna 19	15
Software	
Application programs 2	0
Customised application programs2	0
Language software 1	9
Software type 1	9
Software upload 2	20
System software 1	9
Software Concept 1	9

Index TPS	31200 224
Specifications, environmental	Temperature
SmartAntenna186	Battery Internal
Status	Operating 201
Device in clip-on-housing65	Storage 201
RadioHandle71	Bluetooth
SmartAntenna59	Operating 201
Storage	Storage 201
Storage Temperature	CompactFlash Card
SmartAntenna186	Operating 201
Survey Application82	Storage 201
System Concept19	Instrument
-	Operating 201
	Storage 201
Technical Data168	Terminology 12
Telescope197	Touch Screen, operating principles
	Transfer raw data to LGO22
	Transport 118
	Tripod, service of

U

Unlock, keyboard	38
USER	33
User Interface	32

v

Value

Edit in input field	40
View Current Adjustment Errors	89

w

Weight

Of instrument	199
SmartAntenna	184

Total Quality Management: Our commitment to total customer satisfaction.



Leica Geosystems AG, Heerbrugg, Switzerland, has been certified as being equipped with a quality system which meets the International Standards of Quality Management and Quality Systems (ISO standard 9001) and Environmental Management Systems (ISO standard 14001).

Ask your local Leica Geosystems dealer for more information about our TQM program.

Leica Geosystems AG

Heinrich-Wild-Strasse CH-9435 Heerbrugg Switzerland Phone +41 71 727 31 31

www.leica-geosystems.com

- when it has to be **right**



733527-5.5.0en